

# Cisco

## Exam Questions 350-201

Performing CyberOps Using Core Security Technologies (CBRCOR)



**NEW QUESTION 1**

The physical security department received a report that an unauthorized person followed an authorized individual to enter a secured premise. The incident was documented and given to a security specialist to analyze. Which step should be taken at this stage?

- A. Determine the assets to which the attacker has access
- B. Identify assets the attacker handled or acquired
- C. Change access controls to high risk assets in the enterprise
- D. Identify movement of the attacker in the enterprise

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 2**

Refer to the exhibit.

```
{
  "type": "bundle",
  "id": "bundle--56be2a39",
  "objects": [
    {
      "type": "indicator",
      "spec_version": "2.1",
      "id": "indicator--d81f86b9-9f",
      "created": "2020-08-10T13:49:37.079Z",
      "modified": "2020-08-10T13:49:37.079Z",
      "name": "Malicious site hosting downloader",
      "indicator_types": [
        "malicious-activity"
      ],
      "pattern": "[url:value = 'http://y2z7atc.cn/4823/']",
      "pattern_type": "stix",
      "valid_from": "2020-08-10T13:49:37.079Z"
    },
    {
      "type": "malware",
      "spec_version": "2.1",
      "id": "malware--162d9 a",
      "created": "2020-08-13T09:15:17.182Z",
      "modified": "2020-08-13T09:15:17.182Z",
      "name": "y2z7atc backdoor",
      "malware_types": [
        "backdoor",
        "remote-access-trojan"
      ],
      "is_family": false,
      "kill_chain_phases": [
        {
          "kill_chain_name": "mandant-attack-lifecycle-model",
          "phase_name": "establish-foothold"
        }
      ]
    }
  ],
  "relationship": {
    "type": "relationship",
    "spec_version": "2.1",
    "id": "relationship--864af2e5",
    "created": "2020-08-15T18:03:58.029Z",
    "modified": "2020-08-15T18:03:58.029Z",
    "relationship_type": "indicates",
    "source_ref": "indicator--d81f86b9-975b-4c0b-875e-810c5ad45a4",
    "target_ref": "malware--162d917e07661-4611-b5d6-652791454fca"
  }
}
```

Which indicator of compromise is represented by this STIX?

- A. website redirecting traffic to ransomware server
- B. website hosting malware to download files
- C. web server vulnerability exploited by malware
- D. cross-site scripting vulnerability to backdoor server

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 3**

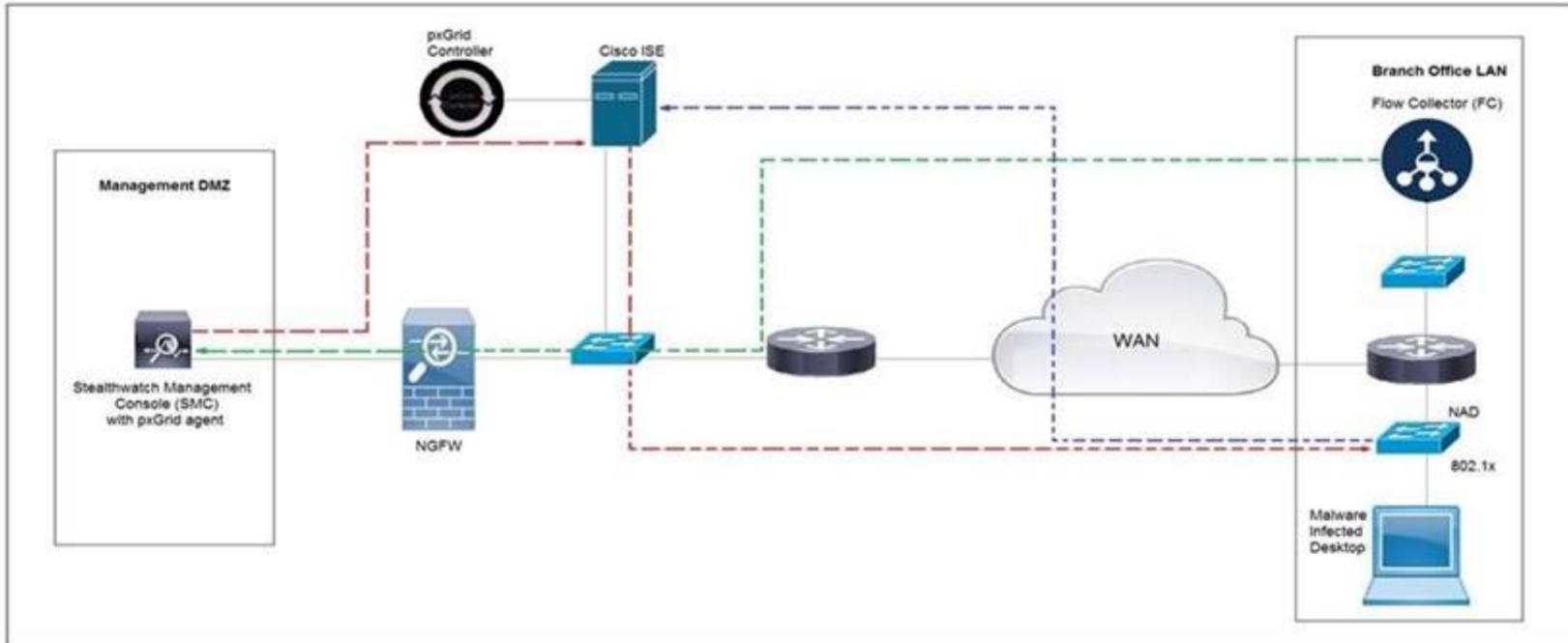
How does Wireshark decrypt TLS network traffic?

- A. with a key log file using per-session secrets
- B. using an RSA public key
- C. by observing DH key exchange
- D. by defining a user-specified decode-as

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 4**

Refer to the exhibit.



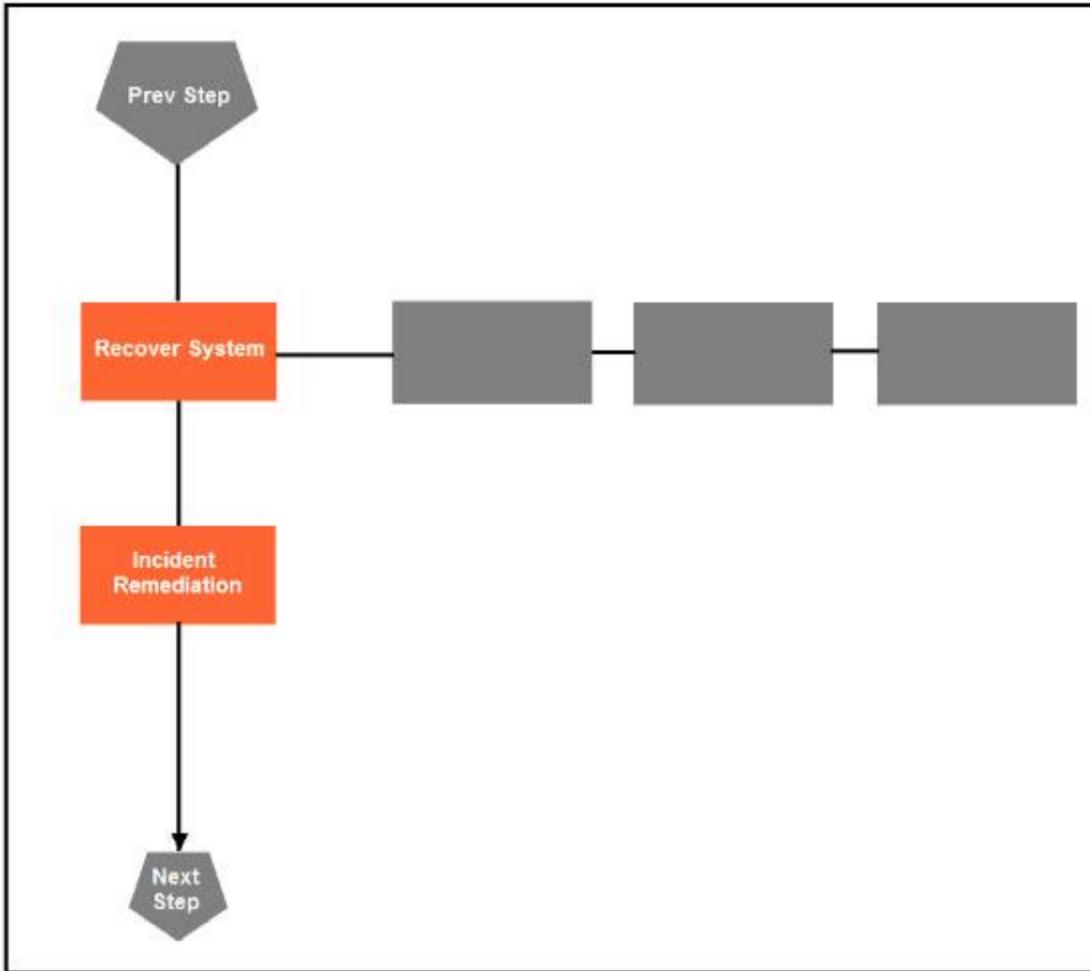
Cisco Rapid Threat Containment using Cisco Secure Network Analytics (Stealthwatch) and ISE detects the threat of malware-infected 802.1x authenticated endpoints and places that endpoint into a Quarantine VLAN using Adaptive Network Control policy. Which telemetry feeds were correlated with SMC to identify the malware?

- A. NetFlow and event data
- B. event data and syslog data
- C. SNMP and syslog data
- D. NetFlow and SNMP

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 5**

Drag and drop the actions below the image onto the boxes in the image for the actions that should be taken during this playbook step. Not all options are used.

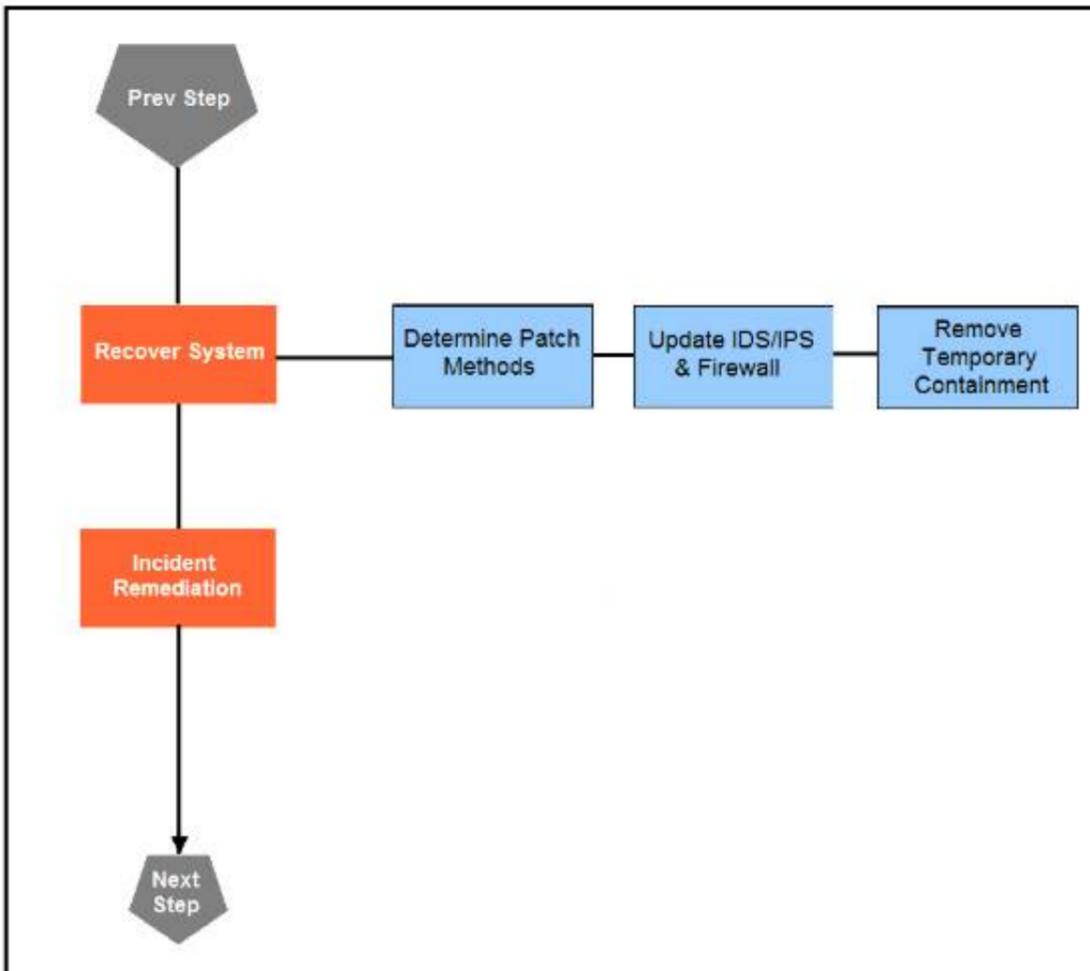


- |                           |                        |                              |                         |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Update IDS/IPS & Firewall | Reimage                | Collect Logs                 | Categorize Incident     |
| Identify Targeted Systems | Request Packet Capture | Remove Temporary Containment | Determine Patch Methods |

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

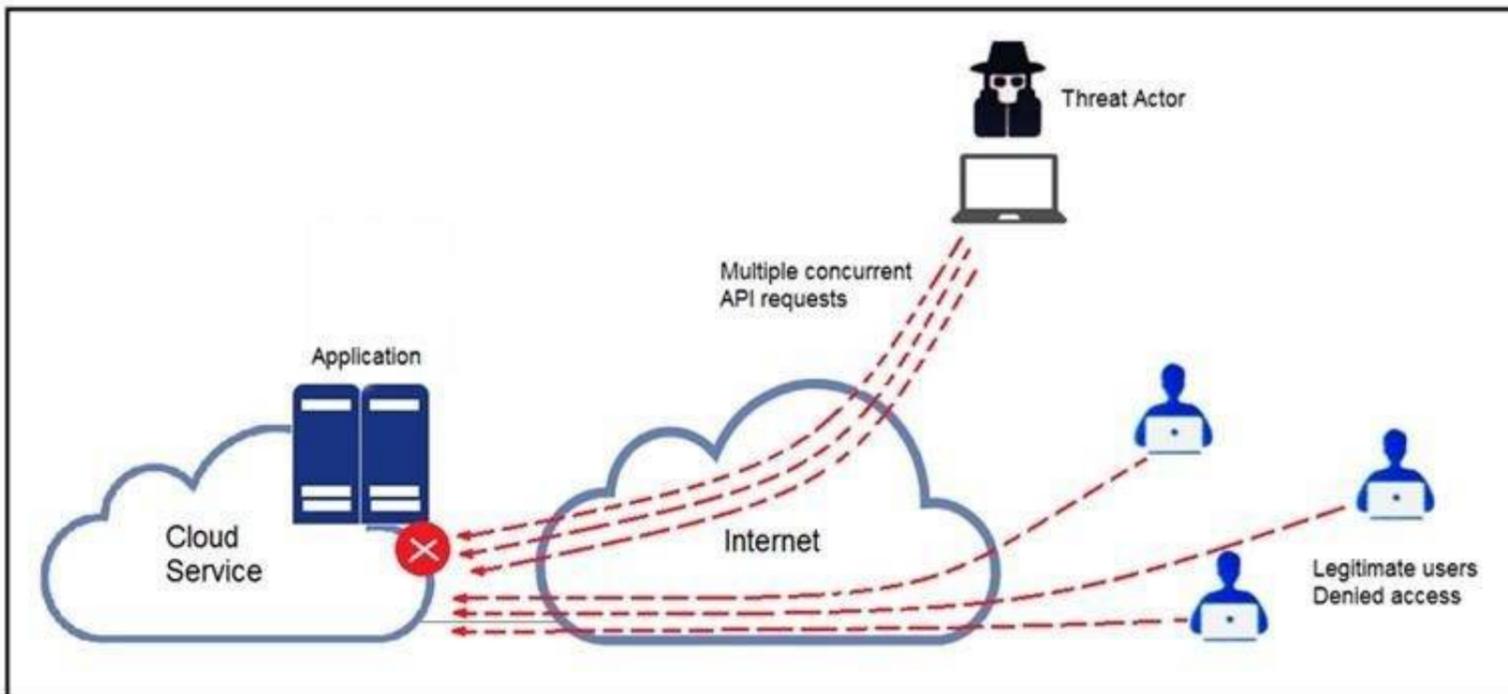
**Explanation:**



- |                           |                        |                              |                         |
|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Update IDS/IPS & Firewall | Reimage                | Collect Logs                 | Categorize Incident     |
| Identify Targeted Systems | Request Packet Capture | Remove Temporary Containment | Determine Patch Methods |

**NEW QUESTION 6**

Refer to the exhibit.



A threat actor behind a single computer exploited a cloud-based application by sending multiple concurrent API requests. These requests made the application unresponsive. Which solution protects the application from being overloaded and ensures more equitable application access across the end-user community?

- A. Limit the number of API calls that a single client is allowed to make
- B. Add restrictions on the edge router on how often a single client can access the API
- C. Reduce the amount of data that can be fetched from the total pool of active clients that call the API
- D. Increase the application cache of the total pool of active clients that call the API

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 7**

An organization installed a new application server for IP phones. An automated process fetched user credentials from the Active Directory server, and the application will have access to on-premises and cloud services. Which security threat should be mitigated first?

- A. aligning access control policies
- B. exfiltration during data transfer
- C. attack using default accounts
- D. data exposure from backups

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 8**

An organization had a breach due to a phishing attack. An engineer leads a team through the recovery phase of the incident response process. Which action should be taken during this phase?

- A. Host a discovery meeting and define configuration and policy updates
- B. Update the IDS/IPS signatures and reimagine the affected hosts
- C. Identify the systems that have been affected and tools used to detect the attack
- D. Identify the traffic with data capture using Wireshark and review email filters

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 9**

An engineer is utilizing interactive behavior analysis to test malware in a sandbox environment to see how the malware performs when it is successfully executed. A location is secured to perform reverse engineering on a piece of malware. What is the next step the engineer should take to analyze this malware?

- A. Run the program through a debugger to see the sequential actions
- B. Unpack the file in a sandbox to see how it reacts
- C. Research the malware online to see if there are noted findings
- D. Disassemble the malware to understand how it was constructed

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 10**

An engineer is going through vulnerability triage with company management because of a recent malware outbreak from which 21 affected assets need to be patched or remediated. Management decides not to prioritize fixing the assets and accepts the vulnerabilities. What is the next step the engineer should take?

- A. Investigate the vulnerability to prevent further spread
- B. Acknowledge the vulnerabilities and document the risk
- C. Apply vendor patches or available hot fixes
- D. Isolate the assets affected in a separate network

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 10**

What is the HTTP response code when the REST API information requested by the authenticated user cannot be found?

- A. 401B.-402C.403D.404E.405

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 11**

A SIEM tool fires an alert about a VPN connection attempt from an unusual location. The incident response team validates that an attacker has installed a remote access tool on a user's laptop while traveling. The attacker has the user's credentials and is attempting to connect to the network. What is the next step in handling the incident?

- A. Block the source IP from the firewall
- B. Perform an antivirus scan on the laptop
- C. Identify systems or services at risk
- D. Identify lateral movement

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 15**

An engineer notices that unauthorized software was installed on the network and discovers that it was installed by a dormant user account. The engineer suspects an escalation of privilege attack and responds to the incident. Drag and drop the activities from the left into the order for the response on the right.

**Answer Area**

Identify systems to be taken offline	Step 1
Conduct content scans	Step 2
Collect log data	Step 3
Request system patch	Step 4
Reimage	Step 5

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

**Answer Area**

Identify systems to be taken offline	Conduct content scans
Conduct content scans	Collect log data
Collect log data	Identify systems to be taken offline
Request system patch	Reimage
Reimage	Request system patch

**NEW QUESTION 20**

A company's web server availability was breached by a DDoS attack and was offline for 3 hours because it was not deemed a critical asset in the incident response playbook. Leadership has requested a risk assessment of the asset. An analyst conducted the risk assessment using the threat sources, events, and vulnerabilities. Which additional element is needed to calculate the risk?

- A. assessment scope
- B. event severity and likelihood
- C. incident response playbook
- D. risk model framework

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 23**

A SOC analyst is notified by the network monitoring tool that there are unusual types of internal traffic on IP subnet 103.861.2117.0/24. The analyst discovers unexplained encrypted data files on a computer system that belongs on that specific subnet. What is the cause of the issue?

- A. DDoS attack
- B. phishing attack
- C. virus outbreak
- D. malware outbreak

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 27**

An engineer implemented a SOAR workflow to detect and respond to incorrect login attempts and anomalous user behavior. Since the implementation, the security team has received dozens of false positive alerts and negative feedback from system administrators and privileged users. Several legitimate users were tagged as a threat and their accounts blocked, or credentials reset because of unexpected login times and incorrectly typed credentials. How should the workflow be improved to resolve these issues?

- A. Meet with privileged users to increase awareness and modify the rules for threat tags and anomalous behavior alerts
- B. Change the SOAR configuration flow to remove the automatic remediation that is increasing the false positives and triggering threats
- C. Add a confirmation step through which SOAR informs the affected user and asks them to confirm whether they made the attempts
- D. Increase incorrect login tries and tune anomalous user behavior not to affect privileged accounts

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 29**

Drag and drop the threat from the left onto the scenario that introduces the threat on the right. Not all options are used.

**Answer Area**

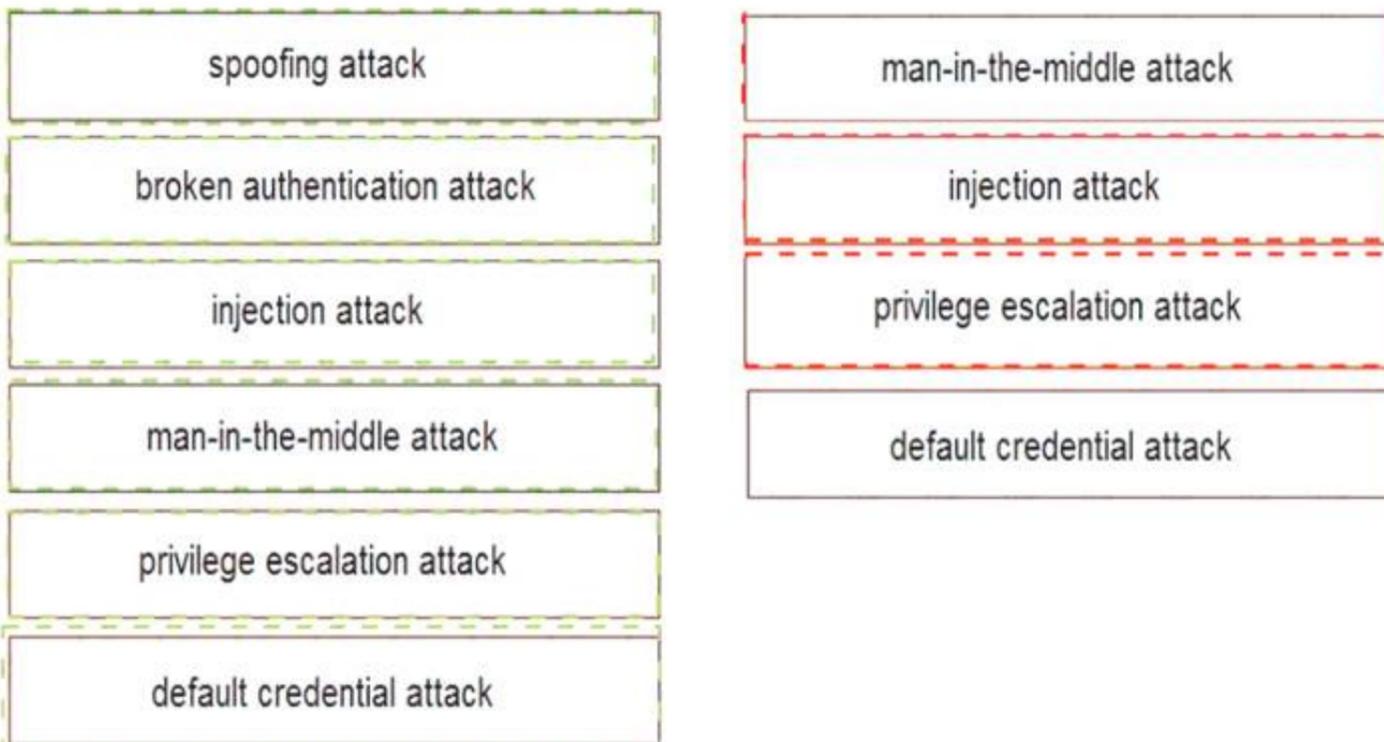
spoofing attack	installing network devices
broken authentication attack	developing new code
injection attack	implementing a new application
man-in-the-middle attack	changing configuration settings
privilege escalation attack	
default credential attack	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

**Answer Area**



**NEW QUESTION 34**

A threat actor used a phishing email to deliver a file with an embedded macro. The file was opened, and a remote code execution attack occurred in a company's infrastructure. Which steps should an engineer take at the recovery stage?

- A. Determine the systems involved and deploy available patches
- B. Analyze event logs and restrict network access
- C. Review access lists and require users to increase password complexity
- D. Identify the attack vector and update the IDS signature list

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 36**

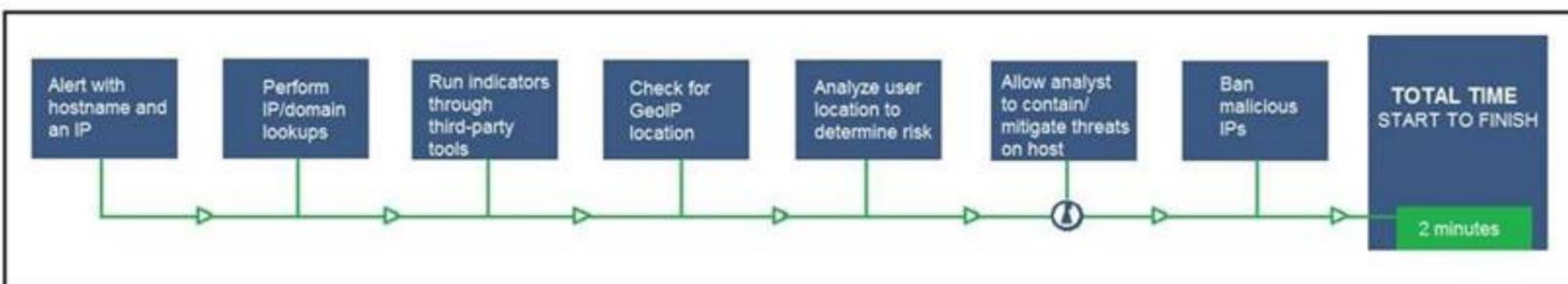
An engineer is developing an application that requires frequent updates to close feedback loops and enable teams to quickly apply patches. The team wants their code updates to get to market as often as possible. Which software development approach should be used to accomplish these goals?

- A. continuous delivery
- B. continuous integration
- C. continuous deployment
- D. continuous monitoring

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 41**

Refer to the exhibit.



An engineer configured this SOAR solution workflow to identify account theft threats and privilege escalation, evaluate risk, and respond by resolving the threat. This solution is handling more threats than Security analysts have time to analyze. Without this analysis, the team cannot be proactive and anticipate attacks. Which action will accomplish this goal?

- A. Exclude the step "BAN malicious IP" to allow analysts to conduct and track the remediation
- B. Include a step "Take a Snapshot" to capture the endpoint state to contain the threat for analysis
- C. Exclude the step "Check for GeolP location" to allow analysts to analyze the location and the associated risk based on asset criticality
- D. Include a step "Reporting" to alert the security department of threats identified by the SOAR reporting engine

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 46**

An organization is using a PKI management server and a SOAR platform to manage the certificate lifecycle. The SOAR platform queries a certificate management tool to check all endpoints for SSL certificates that have either expired or are nearing expiration. Engineers are struggling to manage problematic certificates outside of PKI management since deploying certificates and tracking them requires searching server owners manually. Which action will improve workflow automation?

- A. Implement a new workflow within SOAR to create tickets in the incident response system, assign problematic certificate update requests to server owners, and register change requests.
- B. Integrate a PKI solution within SOAR to create certificates within the SOAR engines to track, update, and monitor problematic certificates.
- C. Implement a new workflow for SOAR to fetch a report of assets that are outside of the PKI zone, sort assets by certification management leads and automate alerts that updates are needed.
- D. Integrate a SOAR solution with Active Directory to pull server owner details from the AD and send an automated email for problematic certificates requesting updates.

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 50**

An employee abused PowerShell commands and script interpreters, which lead to an indicator of compromise (IOC) trigger. The IOC event shows that a known malicious file has been executed, and there is an increased likelihood of a breach. Which indicator generated this IOC event?

- A. ExecutedMalware.ioc
- B. Crossrider.ioc
- C. ConnectToSuspiciousDomain.ioc
- D. W32 AccesschkUtility.ioc

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 54**

An audit is assessing a small business that is selling automotive parts and diagnostic services. Due to increased customer demands, the company recently started to accept credit card payments and acquired a POS terminal. Which compliance regulations must the audit apply to the company?

- A. HIPAA
- B. FISMA
- C. COBIT
- D. PCI DSS

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 56**

Refer to the exhibit.

Max (K)	Retain	OverflowAction	Entries	Log
15,168	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	20,792	Application
15,168	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	12,559	System
15,360	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	11,173	Windows PowerShell

An employee is a victim of a social engineering phone call and installs remote access software to allow an "MS Support" technician to check his machine for malware. The employee becomes suspicious after the remote technician requests payment in the form of gift cards. The employee has copies of multiple, unencrypted database files, over 400 MB each, on his system and is worried that the scammer copied the files off but has no proof of it. The remote technician was connected sometime between 2:00 pm and 3:00 pm over https. What should be determined regarding data loss between the employee's laptop and the remote technician's system?

- A. No database files were disclosed
- B. The database files were disclosed
- C. The database files integrity was violated
- D. The database files were intentionally corrupted, and encryption is possible

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 58**

An analyst is alerted for a malicious file hash. After analysis, the analyst determined that an internal workstation is communicating over port 80 with an external server and that the file hash is associated with Duqu malware. Which tactics, techniques, and procedures align with this analysis?

- A. Command and Control, Application Layer Protocol, Duqu
- B. Discovery, Remote Services: SMB/Windows Admin Shares, Duqu
- C. Lateral Movement, Remote Services: SMB/Windows Admin Shares, Duqu
- D. Discovery, System Network Configuration Discovery, Duqu

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 60**

A threat actor has crafted and sent a spear-phishing email with what appears to be a trustworthy link to the site of a conference that an employee recently attended. The employee clicked the link and was redirected to a malicious site through which the employee downloaded a PDF attachment infected with ransomware. The employee opened the attachment, which exploited vulnerabilities on the desktop. The ransomware is now installed and is calling back to its command and control server. Which security solution is needed at this stage to mitigate the attack?

- A. web security solution
- B. email security solution
- C. endpoint security solution
- D. network security solution

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 65**

An engineer receives an incident ticket with hundreds of intrusion alerts that require investigation. An analysis of the incident log shows that the alerts are from trusted IP addresses and internal devices. The final incident report stated that these alerts were false positives and that no intrusions were detected. What action should be taken to harden the network?

- A. Move the IPS to after the firewall facing the internal network
- B. Move the IPS to before the firewall facing the outside network
- C. Configure the proxy service on the IPS
- D. Configure reverse port forwarding on the IPS

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 67**

Refer to the exhibit.

<p><b>Vulnerability #1</b></p> <p>A vulnerability in the Command Line Interpreter (CLI) of ACME Super Firewall (all models) could allow an attacker to execute a command which would overflow a buffer in memory. In order to carry out this attack, the attacker needs to fulfill all of the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Be logged in to the device over telnet or SSH, or through the local console</li> <li>b) Be logged in as a high-privileges administrative user</li> </ul> <p>In order to trigger the vulnerability, the attacker has to execute a command on the device and supply a specially crafted argument to such command. Once the command is executed, an internal stack-based buffer overflow will be triggered. This buffer overflow may lead to code execution within the process space of the CLI parser, or may crash the device.</p> <p>All software versions are affected          Fixes are available now          There are no workarounds or mitigations</p>	<p><b>Vulnerability #2</b></p> <p>A vulnerability in the web-based management interface of the ACME Big Router models 1010 and 1020 could allow an attacker to bypass authorization checks and then access sensitive information on the device, modify the device's configuration, impact the availability of the system, create administrative level and regular level users on the device. In order to exploit this vulnerability, the attacker needs to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Be able to reach port 80/tcp on an affected device</li> <li>b) The web-based management interface needs to be enabled on the device</li> </ul> <p>The attacker would then need to send a specially formed HTTP request to the web-based management interface of an affected system. The attacker does not need to log-in to the device before launching the attack.</p> <p>All software versions are affected          There are no fixes available now          Customers can disable the web-based management interface to prevent exploitation. Customers will still be able to manage, configure and monitor the device by using the Command Line Interface (CLI), but with reduced capabilities for monitoring.</p>
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How must these advisories be prioritized for handling?

- A. The highest priority for handling depends on the type of institution deploying the devices
- B. Vulnerability #2 is the highest priority for every type of institution
- C. Vulnerability #1 and vulnerability #2 have the same priority
- D. Vulnerability #1 is the highest priority for every type of institution

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 70**

Refer to the exhibit.

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3

import re

def (username, minlen):
    if type(username) != str:
        raise TypeError
    if minlen < 3:
        raise ValueError
    if len(username) < minlen:
        return False
    if not re.match("[a-z0-9._]*$", username):
        return False
    if username[0].isnumeric():
        return False
    return True
```

An organization is using an internal application for printing documents that requires a separate registration on the website. The application allows format-free user creation, and users must match these required conditions to comply with the company's user creation policy:

- > minimum length: 3
- > usernames can only use letters, numbers, dots, and underscores
- > usernames cannot begin with a number

The application administrator has to manually change and track these daily to ensure compliance. An engineer is tasked to implement a script to automate the process according to the company user creation policy. The engineer implemented this piece of code within the application, but users are still able to create format-free usernames. Which change is needed to apply the restrictions?

- A. modify code to return error on restrictions `def return_false_user(username, minlen)`
- B. automate the restrictions `def automate_user(username, minlen)`
- C. validate the restrictions, `def validate_user(username, minlen)`
- D. modify code to force the restrictions, `def force_user(username, minlen)`

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 74

What is a benefit of key risk indicators?

- A. clear perspective into the risk position of an organization
- B. improved visibility on quantifiable information
- C. improved mitigation techniques for unknown threats
- D. clear procedures and processes for organizational risk

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 78

A company launched an e-commerce website with multiple points of sale through internal and external e- stores. Customers access the stores from the public website, and employees access the stores from the intranet with an SSO. Which action is needed to comply with PCI standards for hardening the systems?

- A. Mask PAN numbers
- B. Encrypt personal data
- C. Encrypt access
- D. Mask sales details

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 82

Where do threat intelligence tools search for data to identify potential malicious IP addresses, domain names, and URLs?

- A. customer data
- B. internal database
- C. internal cloud
- D. Internet

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 85

An engineer is analyzing a possible compromise that happened a week ago when the company ? (Choose two.)

- A. firewall
- B. Wireshark
- C. autopsy
- D. SHA512
- E. IPS

**Answer: AB**

#### NEW QUESTION 90

Drag and drop the components from the left onto the phases of the CI/CD pipeline on the right.

**Answer Area**

build	Phase 1
release	Phase 2
deploy	Phase 3
operate	Phase 4
monitor	Phase 5
test	Phase 6
plan	Phase 7
develop	Phase 8

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

**Answer Area**

build	plan
release	develop
deploy	build
operate	test
monitor	release
test	deploy
plan	operate
develop	monitor

**NEW QUESTION 91**

Refer to the exhibit.

TCP	192.168.1.8:54580	vk-in-f108:imaps	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:54583	132.245.61.50:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:54916	bay405-m:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:54978	vu-in-f188:5228	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:55094	72.21.194.109:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:55401	wonderhowto:http	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:55730	mia07s34-in-f78:https	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.1.8:55824	a23-40-191-15:https	CLOSE_WAIT
TCP	192.168.1.8:55825	a23-40-191-15:https	CLOSE_WAIT
TCP	192.168.1.8:55846	mia07s25-in-f14:https	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.1.8:55847	a184-51-150-89:http	CLOSE_WAIT
TCP	192.168.1.8:55853	157.55.56.154:40028	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:55879	atl14s38-in-f4:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:55884	208-46-117-174:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:55893	vx-in-f95:https	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.1.8:55947	stackoverflow:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:55966	stackoverflow:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:55970	mia07s34-in-f78:https	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.1.8:55972	191.238.241.80:https	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.1.8:55976	54.239.26.242:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:55979	mia07s35-in-f14:https	ESTABLISHED
TCP	192.168.1.8:55986	server11:https	TIME_WAIT
TCP	192.168.1.8:55988	104.16.118.182:http	ESTABLISHED

A security analyst needs to investigate a security incident involving several suspicious connections with a possible attacker. Which tool should the analyst use to identify the source IP of the offender?

- A. packet sniffer
- B. malware analysis
- C. SIEM
- D. firewall manager

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 95**

Refer to the exhibit.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
2389	848.622259	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	66	61118 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=8192
2389	848.622273	10.25.129.5	10.31.133.235	TCP	66	80 → 61118 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Acc...
2389	848.622351	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30745 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.622719	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30746 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.622889	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30748 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.623250	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30747 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.623545	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30749 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.623882	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30750 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.624295	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30751 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.624880	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30752 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.625424	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30753 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.625729	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30754 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.626842	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30755 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0
2389	848.627352	10.31.133.235	10.25.129.5	TCP	60	30756 → 80 [RST] Seq=1 Win=0 Len=0

What is occurring in this packet capture?

- A. TCP port scan
- B. TCP flood
- C. DNS flood
- D. DNS tunneling

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 96**

What is a principle of Infrastructure as Code?

- A. System maintenance is delegated to software systems
- B. Comprehensive initial designs support robust systems
- C. Scripts and manual configurations work together to ensure repeatable routines
- D. System downtime is grouped and scheduled across the infrastructure

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 101**

Refer to the exhibit.

```
pragma: no-cache
server: Apache
status: 200
strict-transport-security: max-age=31536000
vary: Accept-Encoding
x-content-type-options: nosniff
x-frame-options: SAMEORIGIN
x-test-debug: nURL=www.cisco.com, realm=0, isRealm=0, realmDomain=0, shortrealm=0
x-xss-protection: 1; mode=block
```

Where does it signify that a page will be stopped from loading when a scripting attack is detected?

- A. x-frame-options
- B. x-content-type-options
- C. x-xss-protection
- D. x-test-debug

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 104

A SOC team is informed that a UK-based user will be traveling between three countries over the next 60 days. Having the names of the 3 destination countries and the user's working hours, what must the analyst do next to detect an abnormal behavior?

- A. Create a rule triggered by 3 failed VPN connection attempts in an 8-hour period
- B. Create a rule triggered by 1 successful VPN connection from any nondestination country
- C. Create a rule triggered by multiple successful VPN connections from the destination countries
- D. Analyze the logs from all countries related to this user during the traveling period

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 107

A Mac laptop user notices that several files have disappeared from their laptop documents folder. While looking for the files, the user notices that the browser history was recently cleared. The user raises a case, and an analyst reviews the network usage and discovers that it is abnormally high. Which step should be taken to continue the investigation?

- A. Run the sudo sysdiagnose command
- B. Run the sh command
- C. Run the w command
- D. Run the who command

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 110

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