

## Exam Questions 400-007

Cisco Certified Design Expert (CCDE v3.0) Written Exam

<https://www.2passeasy.com/dumps/400-007/>



#### NEW QUESTION 1

An enterprise solution team is performing an analysis of multilayer architecture and multicontroller SDN solutions for multisite deployments. The analysis focuses on the ability to run tasks on any controller via a standardized interface. Which requirement addresses this ability on a multicontroller platform?

- A. Deploy a root controller to gather a complete network-level view.
- B. Use the East-West API to facilitate replication between controllers within a cluster.
- C. Build direct physical connectivity between different controllers.
- D. Use OpenFlow to implement and adapt new protocols.

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 2

Which management category is not part of FCAPS framework?

- A. Configuration
- B. Security
- C. Performance
- D. Authentication
- E. Fault-management

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 3

As a network designer you need to support an enterprise with hundreds of remote sites connected over a single WAN network that carries different types of traffic, including VoIP, video, and data applications which of following design considerations will not impact design decision?

- A. Focus on the solution instead of the problem, which helps to reduce downtime duration
- B. The location of the data collection
- C. What direction the data or flows should be metered
- D. Identify traffic types and top talkers over this link

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 4

Which architecture does not require an explicit multicast signaling protocol, such as PIM or P2MP, to signal the multicast state hop-by-hop, but instead uses a link state protocol to advertise the multicast forwarding state?

- A. Binary indexed explicit routing
- B. Binary intermediate enhanced routing
- C. Bit indexed explicit replication
- D. Bi-directional implicit replication

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 5

A Service Provider is designing a solution for a managed CE service to a number of local customers using a single CE platform and wants to have logical separation on the CE platform using Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF) based on IP address ranges or packet length. Which is the most scalable solution to provide this type of VRF Selection process on the CE edge device?

- A. Static Routes for Route Leaking
- B. Policy Based Routing
- C. OSPF per VRF Instance
- D. Multi-Protocol BGP

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 6

Which Interconnectivity method offers the fastest convergence in the event of a unidirectional issue between three Layer 3 switches connected together with routed links in the same rack in a data center?

- A. Copper Ethernet connectivity with BFD enabled
- B. Copper Ethernet connectivity with UDLD enabled
- C. Fiber Ethernet connectivity with BFD enabled
- D. Fiber Ethernet connectivity with UDLD enabled

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 7

You are designing the routing design for two merging companies that have overlapping IP address space. Which of these must you consider when developing the routing and NAT design?

- A. Local to global NAT translation is done after routing
- B. Global to local NAT translation is done before routing.
- C. Local to global NAT translation is done before policy-based routing
- D. Global to local NAT translation is done after policy-based routing.

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 8**

Which three Cisco products are used in conjunction with Red Hat to provide an NFVi solution? (Choose three.)

- A. Cisco Prime Service Catalog
- B. Cisco Open Virtual Switch
- C. Cisco Nexus switches
- D. Cisco UCS
- E. Cisco Open Container Platform
- F. Cisco Virtual Network Function

Answer: CDF

**NEW QUESTION 9**

Drag and drop the design characteristics from the left onto the correct network filter techniques on the right. Not all options are used.

It is used to prevent spoofing attacks when there are alternate routes to a given IP address	Ingress Access Lists target 1
It is used to check the existence of a route without regard to the incoming interface	Strict Reverse Path Forwarding target 2
It is a dynamic filter	Feasible Path Reverse Path Forwarding target 3
It requires manual configuration	Loose Reverse Path Forwarding target 4
It is used as a filtering technique for Martian IP addresses	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

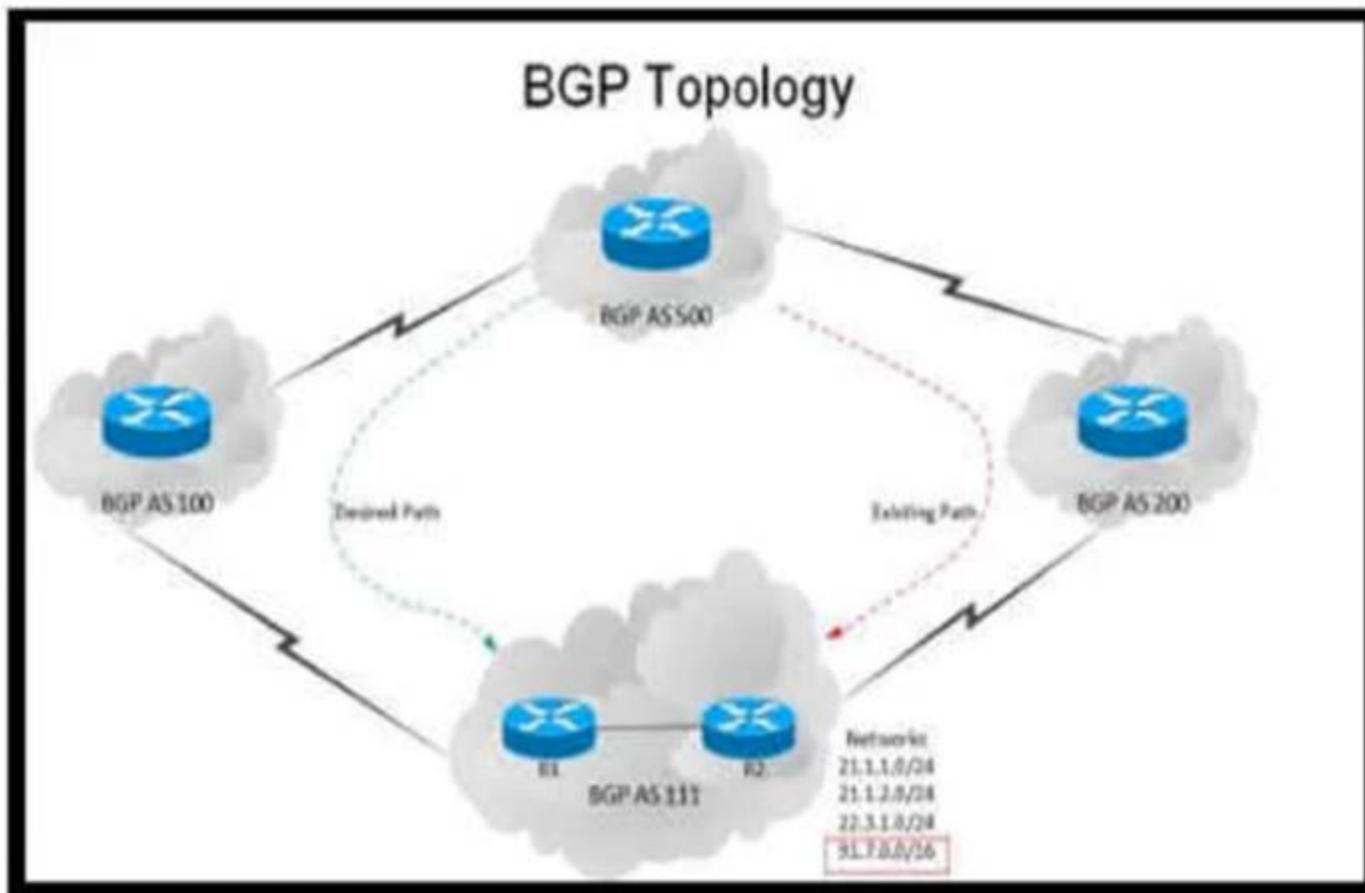
Answer: A

**Explanation:**

It is used to prevent spoofing attacks when there are alternate routes to a given IP address	Ingress Access Lists It requires manual configuration
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**NEW QUESTION 10**

Refer to the exhibit.



An engineer has been asked to redesign the traffic flow toward AS 111 coming from AS 500. Traffic destined to AS 111 network 91.7.0.0/16 should come in via AS 100, while traffic destined to all other networks in AS 111 should continue to use the existing path. Which BGP attributes are best suited to control this inbound traffic coming from BGP AS 500 into the 91.7.0.0/16 network?

- A. Prepend AS path for the 91.7.0.0/16 network and set it for neighbor in AS 200.
- B. Use extended community for the 91.7.0.0/16 network, not advertising it to the bi-lateral peer.
- C. Use local preference on R1 for the networks that AS 500 advertises to AS 111.
- D. Set higher MED for neighbor in AS 100 to influence incoming traffic for the 91.7.0.0/16 network.

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 10**

A customer asks you to perform a high level review of their upcoming WAN refresh for remote sites. The review is specially focused on their retail store operations consisting of 500+ locations connected via multipoint IPsec VPN solution. Which routing protocol would be valid but would also be the most restrictive for the expansion of this deployment model?

- A. EIGRP
- B. IS-IS
- C. OSPF
- D. BGP

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 14**

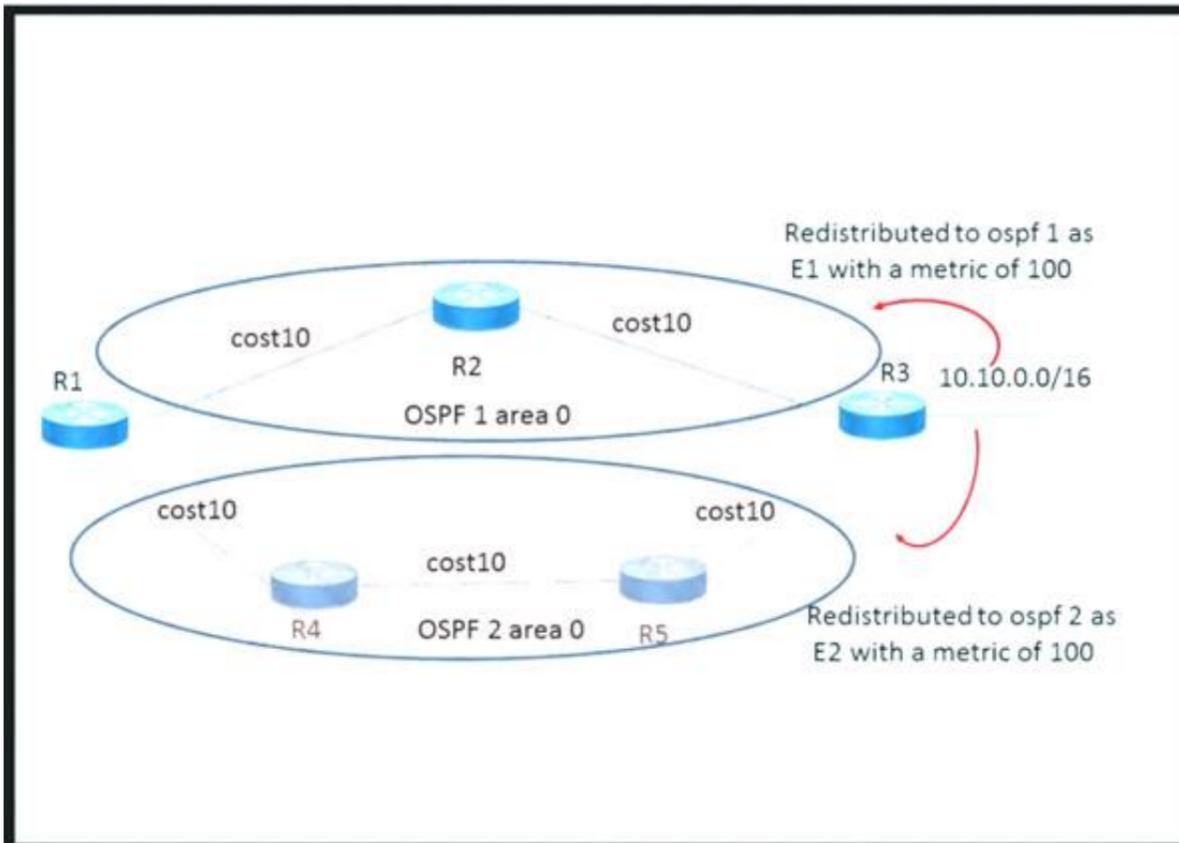
A senior network designer suggests that you should improve network convergence times by reducing BGP timers between your CE router and the PE router of the service provider. Which two factors should you consider to adjust the timer values? (Choose two.)

- A. service provider agreement to support tuned timers
- B. manual updates to the peer groups
- C. service provider scheduling of changes to the PE
- D. number of routes on the CE router
- E. number of VRFs on the PE router

Answer: AD

**NEW QUESTION 16**

Refer to the exhibit.



The network 10.10.0.0/16 has been redistributed to OSPF processes and the best path to the destination from R1 has been chosen as R1-R2-R3. A failure occurred on the link between R2 and R3 and the path was changed to R1-R4-R5-R3. What happens when the link between R2 and R3 is restored?

- A. The path R1-R4-R5-R3 continues to be the best path because the metric is better
- B. The path reverts back to R1-R2-R3 because the route type is E1
- C. The path R1-R4-R5-R3 continues to be the best path because OSPF does not compare the metrics between two domains
- D. The path reverts to R1-R2-R3 because this was the previous best path

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

When the link between R2 and R3 is restored, the path reverts back to R1-R2-R3 because this was the previous best path. This is because OSPF uses the Dijkstra algorithm to calculate the shortest path tree (SPT) and the path with the lowest cost is chosen as the best path. In this case, the cost of the path R1-R2-R3 is lower than the cost of the path R1-R4-R5-R3, so the path R1-R2-R3 is chosen as the best path. OSPF also has a preference order for different types of routes, such as intra-area, inter-area, external type 1, external type 2, NSSA type 1, and NSSA type 2. However, this preference order only applies when OSPF has to choose between routes of different types to the same destination. In this scenario, both paths are external type 2 routes so the preference order does not affect the path selection.

**NEW QUESTION 20**

An enterprise wants to migrate an on-premises network to a cloud network, and the design team is finalizing the overall migration process. Drag and drop the options from the left into the correct order on the right.

Identify the right applications and portfolio for cloud migration and cloud viability.	step 1
Maintain data integrity and operational continuity.	step 2
Adopt end-to-end approach and transition workloads to the cloud environment.	step 3
Develop cloud strategy and ensure alignment with business requirements.	step 4
Secure the cloud by setting up a secure cloud environment based on the workload requirements.	step 5
Monitor and manage cloud-based systems, including customer services.	step 6

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Table Description automatically generated

**NEW QUESTION 22**

Which two actions ensure voice quality in a branch location with a low-speed, high-latency WAN connection? (Choose two.)

- A. Increase WAN bandwidth
- B. Increase memory branch switch.
- C. Fragment data packets.
- D. Replace any electrical links with optical links
- E. Prioritize voice packets

**Answer:** CE

**NEW QUESTION 26**

A healthcare provider discovers that protected health information of patients was altered without patient consent. The healthcare provider is subject to HIPAA compliance and is required to protect PHI data. Which type of security safeguard should be implemented to resolve this issue?

- A. technical and physical access control
- B. administrative security management processes
- C. physical device and media control
- D. technical integrity and transmission security

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

[https://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/solutions/Enterprise/Compliance/HIPAA/HIP\\_AppC.html#wp1085353](https://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/solutions/Enterprise/Compliance/HIPAA/HIP_AppC.html#wp1085353)

**NEW QUESTION 31**

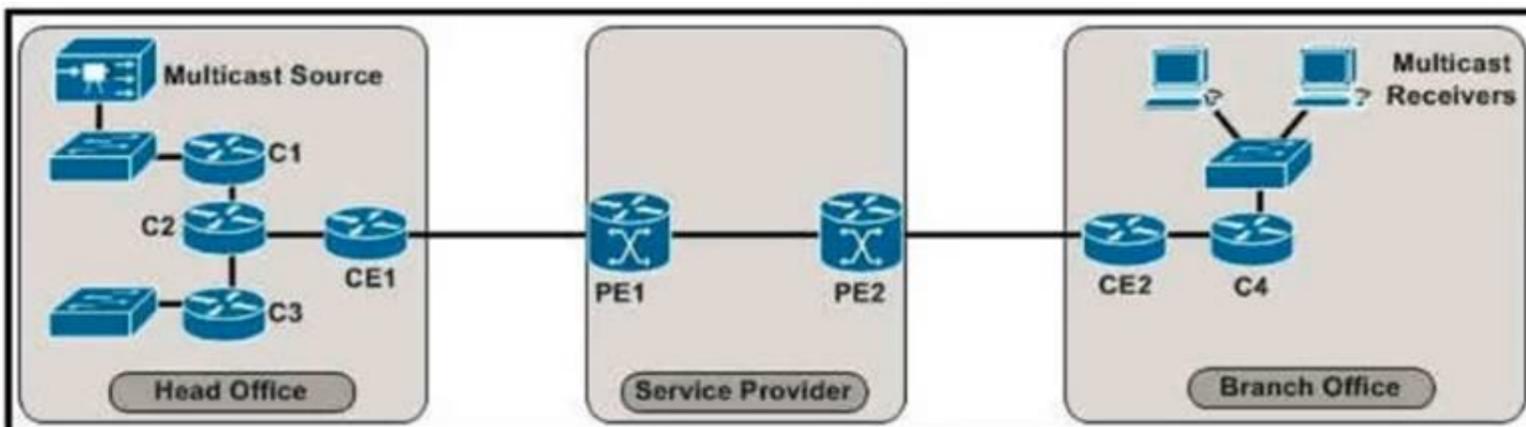
Which parameter is the most important factor to consider when deciding service placement in a cloud solution?

- A. data replication cost
- B. application structure
- C. security framework Implementation time
- D. data confidentiality rules

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 35**

Refer to the exhibit.



The enterprise customer wants to stream one-way video from their head office to eight branch offices using multicast. Their current service provider provides a Layer3 VPN solution and manages the CE routers, but they do not currently support multicast. Which solution quickly allows this multicast traffic to go through while allowing for future scalability?

- A. Enable a GRE tunnel between nodes CE1 and CE2
- B. Enable a GRE tunnel between nodes C2 and C4
- C. Enable a GRE tunnel between nodes C1 and C4
- D. Implement hub and spoke MPLS VPN over DMVPN (also known as 2547o DMVPN) between CE1 and CE2
- E. The service provider must provide a Draft Rosen solution to enable a GRE tunnel between nodes PE1 and PE2

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 38**

A service provider recently migrated to an SD-WAN solution for delivering WAN connections to its customers. One of the main challenges with the SD-WAN deployment is that branch site volume increases every year, which causes management complexity. Which action resolves the issue?

- A. Implement a scalable network management system to manage all sites.
- B. Adopt a well-structured SD-WAN service management lifecycle model
- C. Build a service orchestration platform on top of the network controller
- D. Set up a dedicated team to monitor and provision new customers

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 42**

Refer to the table.

CONNECTIVITY	CAPEX	OPEX ANNUAL	INSTALLATION FEE	TERM
DWDM over dark fiber	\$250,000	\$100,000	\$30,000	12 months
CWDM over dark fiber	\$150,000	\$100,000	\$25,000	18 months
MPLS wires only	\$50,000	\$80,000	\$5,000	24 months
Metro Ethernet	\$45,000	\$100,000	\$5,000	36 months

A customer investigates connectivity options for a DCI between two production data centers to aid a large-scale migration project. The solution must provide a single 10G connection between locations and be able to run its own varying QoS profiles without service provider interaction based on the migration stages. All connectivity methods are at 10 Gbps. Which transport technology costs the least if the connectivity is required for just one year?

- A. MPLS wires only
- B. CWDM over dark fiber
- C. DWDM over dark fiber
- D. Metro Ethernet

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 47**

Company XYZ is planning to deploy primary and secondary (disaster recovery) data center sites. Each of these sites will have redundant SAN fabrics and data protection is expected between the data center sites. The sites are 100 miles (160 km) apart and target RPO/RTO are 3 hrs and 24 hrs, respectively. Which two considerations must Company XYZ bear in mind when deploying replication in their scenario? (Choose two.)

- A. Target RPO/RTO requirements cannot be met due to the one-way delay introduced by the distance between sites.
- B. VSANs must be routed between sites to isolate fault domains and increase overall availability.
- C. Synchronous data replication must be used to meet the business requirements
- D. Asynchronous data replication should be used in this scenario to avoid performance impact in the primary site.
- E. VSANs must be extended from the primary to the secondary site to improve performance and availability.

**Answer:** CD

**Explanation:**

synchronous data replication must be used to meet the business requirements, is incorrect. As described above, asynchronous replication would be a better choice in this scenario due to the distance between the data center sites and the target RPO/RTO requirements.  
asynchronous data replication should be used in this scenario to avoid performance impact in the primary site, is correct. Asynchronous replication would allow Company XYZ to meet the target RPO/RTO requirements while avoiding the performance impact of synchronous replication.

**NEW QUESTION 51**

A multinational enterprise integrates a cloud solution with these objectives

- Achieve seamless connectivity across different countries and regions
- Extend data center and private clouds into public clouds and provider-hosted clouds

What are two outcomes of deploying data centers and fabrics that interconnect different cloud networks? (Choose two.)

- A. enhanced security
- B. data and network ownership
- C. ability to place workloads across clouds
- D. centralized visibility
- E. unidirectional workload mobility across the cloud

**Answer:** AC

**NEW QUESTION 53**

Which two pain points are the most common for container technology adoption? (Choose two)

- A. Performance
- B. Security
- C. Cost
- D. Container deployment
- E. Skilled staff
- F. Compliance

**Answer:** DE

**NEW QUESTION 58**

Drag and drop the characteristics from the left onto the corresponding network management options on the right.

protocol based on HTTP for configuring data defined in YANG and supports operations such as GET, PUT, POST, PATCH, and DELETE	NETCONF
provides mechanisms to install, manipulate, and delete the configuration of network devices; uses XML for data encoding and the operation is realized as RPC	RESTCONF
application program interface that uses HTTP requests to GET, PUT, POST, and DELETE data	ANSIBLE
open-source software provisioning, configuration management, and application-deployment tool	YANG
data modeling language used to model configuration data, state data, remote procedure calls, and notifications for network management protocols	REST API

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

Text Description automatically generated

**NEW QUESTION 60**

An engineer is designing a DMVPN network where OSPF has been chosen as the routing protocol A spoke-to-spoke 'J<ita propagation model must be set up Which two design considerations must be taken into account? (Choose two )

- A. Configure all the sites as network type broadcast
- B. The network type on all sites should be point-to-multipoint
- C. The network type should be point-to-multipoint for the hub and point-to-point for the spokes.
- D. The hub should be set as the DR by specifying the priority to 255.
- E. The hub should be the DR by changing the priority of the spokes to 0.

**Answer:** AE

**NEW QUESTION 64**

Company XYZ plans to run OSPF on a DMVPN network. They want to use spoke-to-spoke tunnels in the design What is a drawback or concern in this type of design?

- A. Additional host routes will be inserted into the routing tables
- B. Manual configuration of the spokes with the appropriate priority will be needed
- C. There will be split-horizon issue at the hub
- D. Manual configuration of the spoke IP address on the hub will be needed

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 69**

A multicast network is sing Bidirectional PIM. Which two combined actions achieve high availability so that two RPs within the same network can act in a redundant manner? (Choose two)

- A. Use two phantom RP addresses
- B. Manipulate the administration distance of the unicast routes to the two RPs
- C. Manipulate the multicast routing table by creating static mroutes to the two RPs
- D. Advertise the two RP addresses in the routing protocol
- E. Use anycast RP based on MSDP peering between the two RPs
- F. Control routing to the two RPs through a longest match prefix

**Answer:** AF

**Explanation:**

<https://community.cisco.com/t5/networking-knowledge-base/rp-redundancy-with-pim-bidir-phantom-rp/ta-p/31>

**NEW QUESTION 71**

A product manufacturing organization is integrating cloud services into their IT solution The IT team is working on the preparation phase of the implementation approach, which includes the Define Strategy step. This step defines the scope of IT, the application, and the service What is one topic that should be considered in the Define Strategy step?

- A. financial and governance models
- B. innovate and align with business according to volume
- C. due diligence and financial scenarios
- D. contingency exit strategy steps

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 75

Which two factors provide multifactor authentication for secure access to applications and data, no matter where the users are or which devices they are on? (Choose two.)

- A. persona-based
- B. power-based
- C. push-based
- D. possession-based
- E. pull-based

**Answer:** CD

#### NEW QUESTION 77

Company XYZ wants to improve the security design of their network to include protection from reconnaissance and DoS attacks on their sub interfaces destined toward next hop routers. Which technology can be used to prevent these types of attacks?

- A. MPP
- B. CPPr
- C. CoPP
- D. DPP

**Answer:** B

#### Explanation:

<https://learningnetwork.cisco.com/s/question/0D53i00000KsuyvCAB/copp-vs-cppr>

#### NEW QUESTION 80

Which two benefits can software defined networks provide to businesses? (Choose two.)

- A. provides additional redundancy
- B. decentralized management
- C. reduced latency
- D. enables innovation
- E. reduction of OpEx/CapEx
- F. meets high traffic demands

**Answer:** DE

#### NEW QUESTION 81

What are two advantages of controller-based networks versus traditional networks? (Choose two.)

- A. the ability to have forwarding tables at each device
- B. more flexible configuration per device
- C. more consistent device configuration
- D. programmatic APIs that are available per device
- E. the ability to configure the features for the network rather than per device

**Answer:** CE

#### NEW QUESTION 83

The Agile Manifesto is a document that defines the key values and principles behind the Agile philosophy and helps development teams work more efficiently and sustainably Each of the four key values is split into two sections a left-hand side and a right-hand side In other words, though there is value in the items on the right we value the items on the left more What is one of the key values of the Agile Manifesto?

- A. comprehensive documentation over working software
- B. contract negotiation over customer collaboration
- C. individuals and interactions over processes and tools
- D. following a plan over responding to change

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 87

A green data center is being deployed and a design requirement is to be able to readily scale server virtualization Which IETF standard technology can provide this requirement?

- A. data center bridging
- B. unified fabric
- C. Transparent Interconnection of Lots of Links
- D. fabric path

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 88**

An architect receives a functional requirement for a NAC system from a customer security policy stating that if a corporate Wi-Fi device does not meet current AV definitions, then it cannot access the corporate network until the definitions are updated. Which component should be built into the NAC design?

- A. posture assessment with remediation VLAN
- B. quarantine SGTs
- C. dACLs with SGTs
- D. quarantine VLAN

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 89**

The Layer 3 control plane is the intelligence over the network that steers traffic toward its intended destination. Which two techniques can be used in service provider-style networks to offer a more dynamic, flexible, controlled, and secure control plane design? (Choose two.)

- A. access control lists
- B. firewalls
- C. QoS policy propagation with BGP
- D. remote black-holing trigger
- E. prefix lists

Answer: DE

**NEW QUESTION 94**

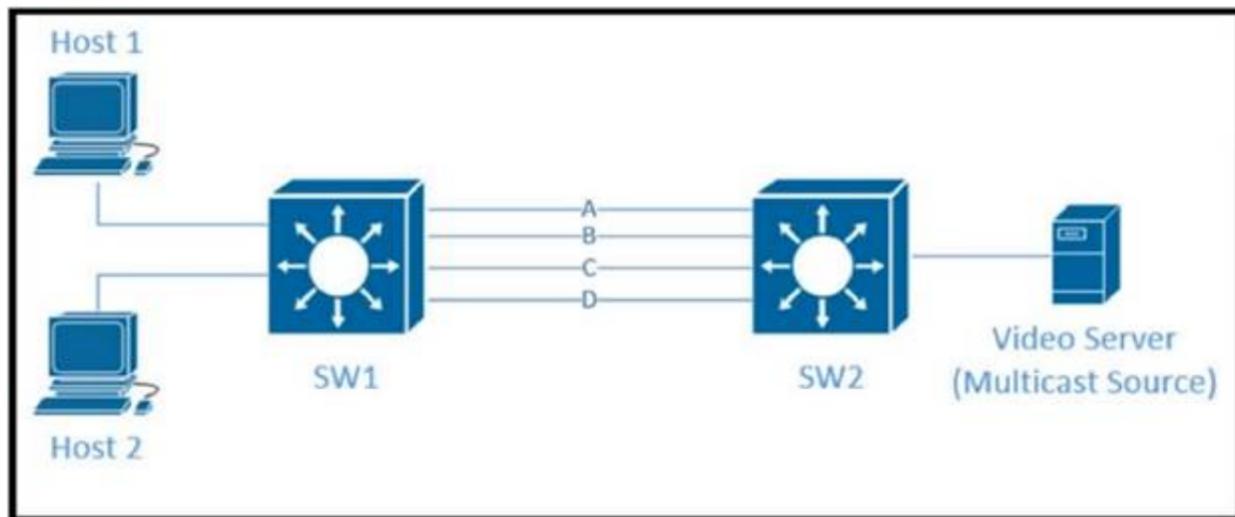
A customer migrates from a traditional Layer 2 data center network into a new SDN-based, spine-and-leaf VXLAN EVPN data center within the same location. The networks are joined to enable host migration at Layer 2. Which activity should be completed each time a legacy network is migrated?

- A. The migrated VLAN should be pruned from the Layer 2 interconnects.
- B. The migrated network should have a VXLAN VNID configured within the new network.
- C. The migrated network should be advertised to the EVPN network as a Type 2 network.
- D. The migrated network should be added to the EVPN BGP routing.

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 98**

Refer to the exhibit.



Traffic was equally balanced between Layer 3 links on core switches SW1 and SW2 before an introduction of the new video server in the network. This video server uses multicast to send video streams to hosts and now one of the links between core switches is over utilized. Which design solution solves this issue?

- A. Add more links between core switches.
- B. Aggregate links Layer 2 link aggregation.
- C. Apply a more granular load-balancing method on SW1.
- D. Apply a more granular load-balancing method on SW2.
- E. Filter IGMP joins on an over-utilized link.

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 103**

A network security team observes phishing attacks on a user machine from a remote location. The organization has a policy of saving confidential data on two different systems using different types of authentication. What is the next step to control such events after the security team verifies all users in Zero Trust modeling?

- A. Enforce risk-based and adaptive access policies.
- B. Assess real-time security health of devices.
- C. Apply a context-based network access control policy for users.
- D. Ensure trustworthiness of devices.

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 108**

Which aspect of BGP-LS makes it scalable in large network when multiarea topology information must be gathered?

- A. transmit flow control
- B. open-loop flow control
- C. hardware flow control
- D. TCP-based flow control

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 113**

Which best practice ensures data security in the private cloud?

- A. Use IPsec for communication between unsecured network connection
- B. Encrypt data at rest and in transition.
- C. Use the same vendor for consistent encryption.
- D. Anonymize data ownership to comply with privacy rules.

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 118**

In the case of outsourced IT services, the RTO is defined within the SLA. Which two support terms are often included in the SLA by IT and other service providers? (Choose two.)

- A. network size and cost
- B. support availability
- C. network sustainability
- D. network reliability
- E. resolution time

**Answer:** BE

**NEW QUESTION 119**

An engineer is designing the QoS strategy for Company XYZ. Based on initial analysis, a lot of scavenger type of traffic is traversing the network's 20Mb Internet link toward the service provider. The new design must use a QoS technique that limits scavenger traffic to 2 Mbps, which helps avoid oversubscription of the link during times of congestion. Which QoS technique can be used to facilitate this requirement?

- A. class-based traffic policing
- B. LLQ
- C. CBWFQ
- D. class-based traffic shaping

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 122**

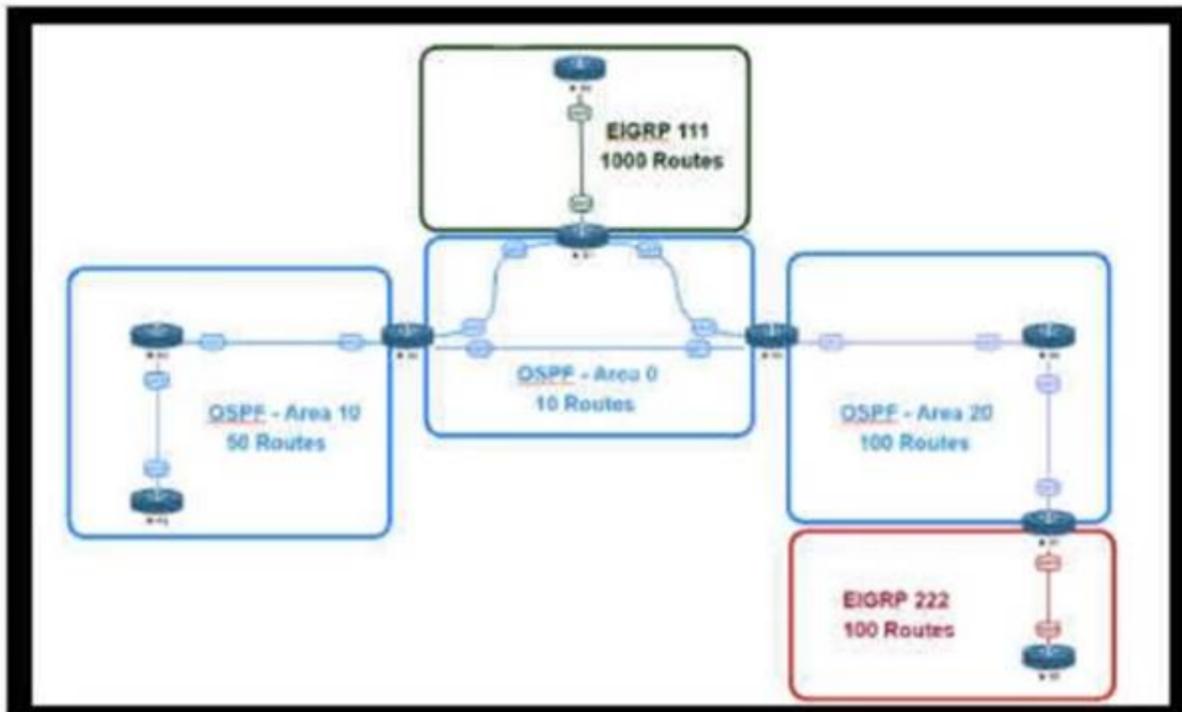
What are two primary design constraints when a robust infrastructure solution is created? (Choose two.)

- A. monitoring capabilities
- B. project time frame
- C. staff experience
- D. component availability
- E. total cost

**Answer:** BE

**NEW QUESTION 126**

Refer to the exhibit.



An engineer is designing a multiarea OSPF network for a client who also has a large EIGRP domain. EIGRP routes are getting redistributed into OSPF. OSPF area 20 has routers with limited memory and CPU resources. The engineer wants to block routes from EIGRP 111 from propagating into area 20 and allow EIGRP 222 routes to propagate. How in which OSPF area type fulfills this design requirement?

- A. area 20 as a stub area
- B. type 5 LSA filtering on the ASBR between EIGRP 111 and area 0
- C. area 20 as a NSSA area
- D. type 3 LSA filtering on the ABR between area 0 and area 20

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 129**

Which two advantages of using DWDM over traditional optical networks are true? (Choose two.)

- A. inherent topology flexibility and service protection provided without penalty through intelligent oversubscription of bandwidth reservation
- B. ability to expand bandwidth over existing optical infrastructure
- C. inherent topology flexibility with built-in service protection
- D. inherent topology flexibility with intelligent chromatic dispersion
- E. inherent topology flexibility with a service protection provided through a direct integration with an upper layer protocol

Answer: BC

**NEW QUESTION 130**

A business customer deploys workloads in the public cloud. Now the customer network faces governance issues with the flow of IT traffic and must ensure the security of data and intellectual property. Which action helps to identify the issue for further resolution?

- A. Set up a secure tunnel from customer routers to ensure that traffic is protected as it travels to the cloud service providers.
- B. Send IPFIX telemetry data from customer routers to a centralized collector to identify traffic to cloud service providers
- C. Build a zone-based firewall policy on Internet edge firewalls that collects statistics on traffic sent to cloud service providers
- D. Apply workload policies that dictate the security requirements to the workloads that are placed in the cloud.

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 131**

During evaluation of migrating current on-premises infrastructure to add cloud-based infrastructure, a network planning team must meet three core requirements as they make recommendations on which cloud strategy to adopt going forward:

- Technology is changing rapidly, therefore the enterprise must be open to adopting new ways of doing things, and be ready to invest CapEx-funds in the next three years
- Network bandwidth capacity requirements are dynamic and are expected to change over the next year
- If new technologies are to be introduced, operational expenses must be kept at a minimum.

Which cloud strategy meets these requirements?

- A. private
- B. hybrid
- C. public
- D. multicloud

Answer: D

**NEW QUESTION 135**

Company XYZ, a global content provider, owns data centers on different continents. Their data center design involves a standard three-layer design with a Layer 3-only core. HSRP is used as the FHRP. They require VLAN extension across access switches in all data centers, and they plan to purchase a Layer 2 interconnection between two of their data centers in Europe. In the absence of other business or technical constraints, which termination point is optimal for the Layer 2 interconnection?

- A. at the core layer, to offer the possibility to isolate STP domains

- B. at the aggregation layer because it is the Layer 2 to Layer 3 demarcation point
- C. at the access layer because the STP root bridge does not need to align with the HSRP active node.
- D. at the core layer because all external connections must terminate there for security reasons

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 136**

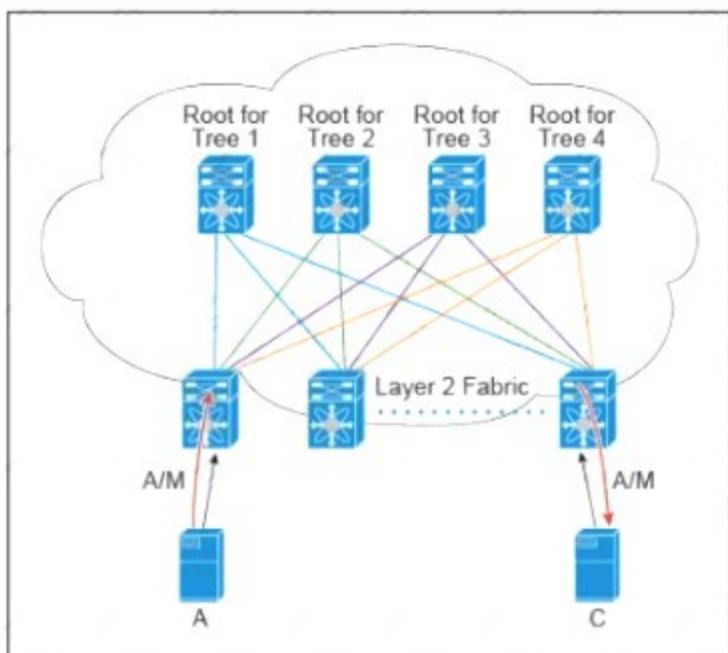
Which optimal use of interface dampening on a fast convergence network design is true?

- A. When occasional flaps of long duration occur
- B. when numerous adjacent flaps of very short duration occur
- C. when the router hardware is slower than the carrier delay down detection
- D. when the switch hardware is faster than the debounce timer down detection

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 137**

Refer to the exhibit.



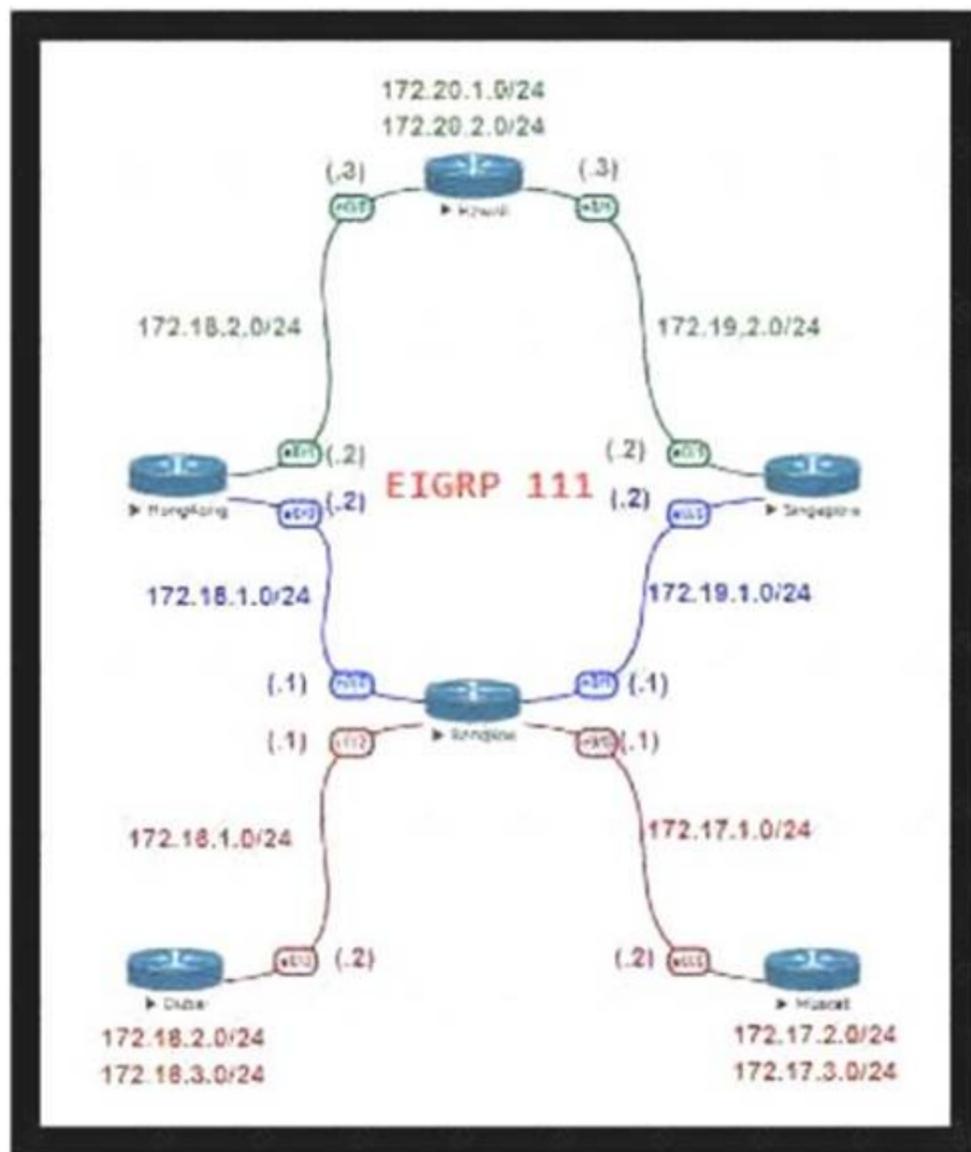
There are multiple trees in the Cisco FabricPath. All switches in the Layer 2 fabric share the same view of each tree. Which two concepts describe how the multicast traffic is load-balanced across this topology? (Choose two )

- A. A specific (S,G) traffic is not load-balanced
- B. All trees are utilized at the same level of the traffic rate
- C. Every leaf node assigns the specific (S,G) to the same tree.
- D. A specific (S,G) multicast traffic is load-balanced across all trees due to better link utilization efficiency.
- E. The multicast traffic is generally load-balanced across all trees

Answer: BD

**NEW QUESTION 138**

Refer to the exhibit.



For Company XYZ Bangkok is using ECMP to reach the 172 20 2 0/24 network The company wants a design that would allow them to forward traffic from 172 16 2 0/24 toward 172 20 2 0/24 via the Singapore router as the preferred route The rest of the traffic should continue to use ECMP Which technology fulfills this design requirement?

- A. policy-based routing
- B. route summarization
- C. unequal-cost load balancing using variance
- D. LFA

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 142**

You want to mitigate failures that are caused by STP loops that occur before UDLD detects the failure or that are caused by a device that is no longer sending BPDUs. Which mechanism do you use along with UDLD?

- A. Root guard
- B. BPDU guard
- C. Loop guard
- D. BPDU filtering

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 144**

Company XYZ is running BGP as their routing protocol. An external design consultant recommends that TCP path MTU discovery be enabled. Which effect will this have on the network?

- A. It will enhance the performance of TCP-based applications.
- B. It will increase the convergence time.
- C. It will improve the convergence time.
- D. It will create a loop free path.

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 148**

When an SDN-based model is used to transmit multimedia traffic, which aspect should an architect consider while designing the network?

- A. QoE estimation
- B. security
- C. traffic patterns
- D. flow forwarding

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 149**

A banking customer determines that it is operating POS and POI terminals that are noncompliant with PCI DSS requirements, as it is running TLSv1.0. The customer plans to migrate the terminals to TLSv1.2. What are two requirements to complete the migration? (Choose two.)

- A. Ensure that strong cryptography is applied for users who have administrative access through networks
- B. Apply strong cryptography and security protocols to safeguard sensitive cardholder data.
- C. Apply strong encryption for transmission of cardholder data across public networks.
- D. Protect all user systems against malware and frequently update antivirus software
- E. Maintain a policy that addresses information security for employees and third parties.

**Answer: CE**

**NEW QUESTION 151**

Which mechanism enables small, unmanaged switches to plug into ports of access switches without risking switch loops?

- A. PortFast
- B. UDLD
- C. Root guard
- D. BPDU guard

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 152**

SDWAN networks capitalize the usage of broadband Internet links over traditional MPLS links to offer more cost benefits to enterprise customers. However, due to the insecure nature of the public Internet, it is mandatory to use encryption of traffic between any two SDWAN edge devices installed behind NAT gateways. Which overlay method can provide optimal transport over unreliable underlay networks that are behind NAT gateways?

- A. TLS
- B. DTLS
- C. IPsec
- D. GRE

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 157**

Company XYZ is in the process of identifying which transport mechanism(s) to use as their WAN technology. Their main two requirements are.

- a technology that could offer DPI, SLA, secure tunnels, privacy, QoS, scalability, reliability, and ease of management
- a technology that is cost-effective

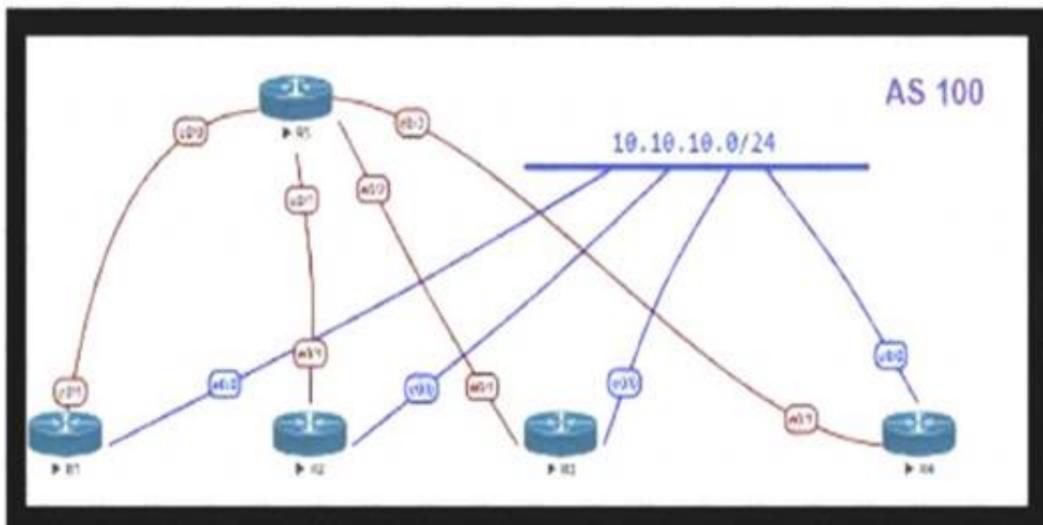
Which WAN technology(ies) should be included in the design of company XYZ?

- A. Software-defined WAN should be the preferred choice because it complements both technologies, covers all the required features, and it is the most cost-effective solution.
- B. Internet should be the preferred option because it is cost effective and supports BFD, IP SL
- C. and IPsec for secure transport over the public Internet.
- D. Both technologies should be use
- E. Each should be used to back up the other one; where the primary links are MPLS, the internet should be used as a backup link with IPsec (and vice versa).
- F. MPLS meets all these requirements and it is more reliable than using the Interne
- G. It is widely used with defined best practices and an industry standard.

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 159**

Refer to the exhibit.



OSPF is running as the IGP to provide reachability to all AS100 networks R3 and R4 are the current ABRs at the boundary of OSPF Area0 and Areal Now BGP must be deployed within AS 100 because it will be receiving Internet routes from its eBGP peers (the service provider) connected to R1 and R2 What is an optimal solution for this deployment to configure BGP relationships and redistribute BGP learned routes into OSPF?

- A. R5 should be configured as a route reflector for R1, R2, R3 and R4. BGP routes must be redistributed at R1 and R2 into OSPF.
- B. Configuration should be set up with R1 and R2, and R3 in one sub AS, with and R4 in another, and redistribution at R1 and R2.
- C. A full mesh should be deployed between all the routers with mutual redistribution to take place at R1 and R2.
- D. R1, R2, R3 and R4 must be set up with a neighbor relationship with R5 only must not be a route reflector.

Answer: C

#### NEW QUESTION 160

Company XYZ runs OSPF in their network. A design engineer decides to implement hot-potato routing architecture. How can this implementation be achieved?

- A. Enable iBGP and apply prepend to ensure all prefixes will have the same length of the AS path attribute value.
- B. Redistribute the external prefixes onto OSPF and ensure the total metric calculation includes only the ext value and the value is the same in all ASBRs.
- C. Enable OSPF load-balancing over unequal cost path.
- D. Redistribute the external prefixes onto OSPF and ensure that the total metric calculation includes external internal values.

Answer: D

#### NEW QUESTION 164

An MPLS service provider is offering a standard EoMPLS-based VPLS service to Customer A. providing Layer 2 connectivity between a central site and approximately 100 remote sites. Customer A wants to use the VPLS network to carry its internal multicast video feeds which are sourced at the central site and consist of 20 groups at Mbps each. Which service provider recommendation offers the most scalability?

- A. EoMPLS-based VPLS can carry multicast traffic in a scalable manner
- B. Use a mesh of GRE tunnels to carry the streams between sites
- C. Enable snooping mechanisms on the provider PE routers.
- D. Replace VPLS with a Layer 3 MVPN solution to carry the streams between sites

Answer: D

#### NEW QUESTION 166

Which feature must be part of the network design to wait a predetermined amount of time before notifying the routing protocol of a change in the path in the network?

- A. Transmit delay
- B. Throttle timer
- C. SPF hold time
- D. Interface dampening

Answer: B

#### NEW QUESTION 170

What best describes the difference between Automation and Orchestration?

- A. Automation refers to an automatic process for completing a single task and Orchestration refers to assembling and coordinating a set of tasks and conditions.
- B. Automation describes a hands-off configuration process while Orchestration refers to sets of automation tasks that require the network administrator to coordinate
- C. Automation refers to an automatic process for completing multiple tasks with conditions and Orchestration refers to executing tasks in parallel.
- D. Automation refers to scripting languages (Pytho
- E. Ansible etc.) and Orchestration refers to commercial products that control configuration deployment

Answer: A

#### NEW QUESTION 174

Company XYZ is running OSPF in their network. They have merged with another company that is running EIGRP as the routing protocol. Company XYZ now needs the two domains to talk to each other with redundancy, while maintaining a loop free environment. The solution must scale when new networks are added into the network in the near future. Which technology can be used to meet these requirements?

- A. multipoint route-redistribution with route filtering using ACLs
- B. DUMP multipoint route-redistribution with route filtering using route tags
- C. DUMPS single point route-redistribution with route filtering using route tags
- D. DUMPS single point route-redistribution with route filtering using ACLs

Answer: B

#### NEW QUESTION 176

Company XYZ is migrating their existing network to IPv6 and they must plan for Layer 2 and Layer 3 devices Some of the access layer switches do not support IPv6, however, core and distribution switches fully support unicast and multicast routing. The company wants to minimize cost of the migration. Which migration strategy should be used in the design?

- A. The access layer switches must support IGMP snooping at a minimu
- B. Any switches that do not support IGM snooping must be replaced.
- C. Upgrade the nonsupporting switches Otherwise, it will cause an issue with the migration.
- D. Layer 2 switches will not affect the implementation of IPv6. They can be included in the design in their current state.
- E. The access layer switches must support DHCPv6. Any switches that do not support DHCPv6 must be replaced.

Answer: C

#### NEW QUESTION 181

Various teams in different organizations within an enterprise are preparing low-level design documents to capture network parameters using a Waterfall project model:

- hardware sizing and power consumption
- Layer 2 and layer 3 services parameters
- configuration of all control plane protocols

Input from relevant stakeholders was captured at the start of the project, and the project scope has been defined based on the parameters above. What impact will it have on documentation and project deliverables if the stakeholders ask to have changes carried out in the network before the information has been captured?

- A. This provides more opportunity to think outside the box.
- B. Rework is expected before the delivery.
- C. Significant effort and time are required.
- D. This provides a flexible approach to incorporate changes.

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 185**

Company XYZ has 30 sites running a legacy private WAN architecture that connects to the Internet via multiple high-speed connections. The company is now redesigning their network and must comply with these design requirements:

- > Use a private WAN strategy that allows the sites to connect to each other directly and caters for future expansion.
- > Use the Internet as the underlay for the private WAN.
- > Securely transfer the corporate data over the private WAN.

Which two technologies should be incorporated into the design of this network? (Choose two.)

- A. S-VTI
- B. IPsec
- C. DMVPN
- D. GET VPN
- E. PPTP

Answer: BC

**NEW QUESTION 187**

A network security team uses a purpose-built tool to actively monitor the campus network, applications, and user activity. The team also analyzes enterprise telemetry data from IPFIX data records that are received from devices in the campus network. Which action can be taken based on the augmented data?

- A. reduction in time to detect and respond to threats
- B. integration with an incident response plan
- C. adoption and improvement of threat-detection response
- D. asset identification and grouping decisions

Answer: A

**NEW QUESTION 191**

Drag and drop the optical technology design characteristics on the left to the correct optical technologies on the right. Not all options are used

suited for short-haul and long-haul distances	CWDM (Coarse Wavelength Division Multiplexing)
number of channels can be 40 or more	
large channel spacing (2000 GHz)	
small channel spacing (100 or 50 GHz)	DWDM (Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing)
suited for short-haul, typically limited to Metropolitan networks	
maximum of 16 channels	
only suitable for ring or dual-ring topology	
	target 1
	target 2
	target 3
	target 4
	target 5
	target 6

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

**Explanation:**

- 1 - target 4
- 2 - target 5
- 3 - target 1
- 4 - target 6

5 - target 2  
6 - target 3

**NEW QUESTION 196**

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