



# ITIL

## Exam Questions ITIL-4-Foundation

ITIL 4 Foundation

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### NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which service value chain activity deals with the purchase of new products?

- A. Engage
- B. Obtain/build
- C. Plan
- D. Improve

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

In ITIL, there are six activities in the service value chain which represent the steps an organization takes in the creation of value:

- > Plan
- > Engage
- > Design and Transition
- > Obtain/Build
- > Deliver and Support
- > Improve

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-value-chain/>

### NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which term is used to describe removing something that could have an effect on a service?

- A. A change
- B. An incident
- C. An IT asset
- D. A problem

**Answer: A**

#### Explanation:

A change is defined as the addition, modification, or removal of anything that could have a direct or indirect effect on services

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-change-enablement/#:~:text=A%20change%20is%20defined%20as,or%20indir>

### NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which role would be MOST SUITABLE for someone with experience of managing relationships with various stakeholders, including suppliers and business managers?

- A. Service level manager
- B. Service desk agent
- C. Change authority
- D. Problem analyst

**Answer: A**

#### Explanation:

The purpose of the SLM practice is to set clear business-based targets for service performance, so that the delivery of a service can be properly assessed, monitored, and managed against these targets. SLM involves service level activities, including:

- > Defining service levels
- > Documenting
- > Actively managing them <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-level-management/>

### NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is the MOST LIKELY way of resolving major incidents?

- A. Users establishing a resolution using self-help
- B. The service desk identifying the cause and a resolution
- C. A temporary team working together to identify a resolution
- D. A support team following detailed procedures for investigating the incident

**Answer: C**

#### Explanation:

The incident management practice aims to minimize the negative impact of incidents by restoring normal service operation as quickly as possible<sup>1</sup>. A major incident is an incident that has a significant impact or urgency for the business and requires a high level of coordination and resources to resolve<sup>2</sup>. The most likely way of resolving major incidents is by forming a temporary team working together to identify a resolution, such as a major incident team or a swarming team<sup>3</sup>. The other statements are not true because:

- > Users establishing a resolution using self-help: Self-help is an option for users to resolve their own incidents with minimal or no assistance from the service provider, but it is not suitable for major incidents that require urgent and expert attention<sup>3</sup>.

- The service desk identifying the cause and a resolution: The service desk is responsible for logging, categorizing, prioritizing, and escalating incidents, but it may not have the skills or authority to identify the cause and a resolution for major incidents that involve multiple teams or suppliers<sup>3</sup>.
- A support team following detailed procedures for investigating the incident: A support team may follow detailed procedures for investigating the incident, but it may not be able to resolve major incidents that require cross-functional collaboration or escalation<sup>3</sup>. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 14; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 32; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Incident Management, page 8.

#### NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is defined as "any component that needs to be managed in order to deliver an IT service"?

- A. An event
- B. An IT asset
- C. A configuration item
- D. A change

**Answer:** C

#### Explanation:

CI is simply any component that needs to be managed in order to deliver an IT service. A server, a virtual server, or even the configuration of an application could be considered a CI, for example

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-asset-configuration-management/#:~:text=among%20your%20CIs-,Configurati>

#### NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is MOST LIKELY to be handled as a service request?

- A. An emergency change to apply a security patch
- B. The implementation of a workaround
- C. Providing a virtual server for a development team
- D. Managing an interruption to a service

**Answer:** C

#### Explanation:

A service request is a formal request from a user for something to be provided. Service requests are typically less complex and are either approved or denied based on the budget, need, or urgency.

An emergency change to apply a security patch (A) is not a service request because it is an urgent change that needs to be made to address a security vulnerability. The implementation of a workaround (B) is not a service request because it is a temporary solution to a problem. Managing an interruption to a service (D) is not a service request because it is an incident that needs to be resolved.

Providing a virtual server for a development team (C) is a service request because it is a request for a new service that can be fulfilled by the IT department.

#### NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice handles all pre-defined user-initiated service actions?

- A. Deployment management
- B. Incident management
- C. Service level management
- D. Service request management

**Answer:** D

#### Explanation:

The purpose of the service request management practice is to support the agreed quality of a service by handling all pre-defined, user-initiated service requests in an effective and user-friendly manner. Service request management is dependent upon well-designed processes and procedures, which are operationalized through tracking and automation tools to maximize the efficiency of the practice. To be handled optimally, service request management should follow these guidelines:

- Service requests and their fulfilment should be standardized and automated to the greatest degree possible.
- Policies should define which service requests will be fulfilled with limited or even no additional approvals so that fulfilment can be streamlined.
- The expectations of users regarding fulfilment times and costs should be clearly set, based on what the organization can realistically deliver.
- Opportunities for improvement should be identified and implemented to produce faster fulfilment times and take advantage of automation.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-request-management/>

#### NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 4)

Identify the missing word(s) in the following sentence.

The purpose of the problem management practice is to reduce the likelihood and impact of incidents by identifying actual and potential causes of incidents and managing [p] and known errors.

- A. events
- B. changes
- C. configuration items
- D. workarounds

**Answer:** D

#### Explanation:

The purpose of the problem management practice is to reduce the likelihood and impact of incidents by identifying actual and potential causes of incidents and managing workarounds and known errors<sup>1</sup>. Workarounds are temporary solutions that reduce or eliminate the impact of an incident or problem for which a full resolution is not yet available<sup>2</sup>. Known errors are problems that have a documented root cause and a workaround<sup>3</sup>. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 15; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 35; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Problem Management, page 7.

#### NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is an activity in the 'Problem control' phase of problem management?

- A. Re-assessing a known error to manage the ongoing impact.
- B. Reviewing incident records to identify trends
- C. Implementing a technical fix to resolve an issue
- D. Documenting the steps in workaround

**Answer:** D

#### Explanation:

Problem Control. Problem control activities include problem analysis and documenting workarounds and known errors.

Just like incidents, problems will be prioritized based on the risk they pose in terms of probability and impact to services. Focus should be given to problems that have highest risk to services and service management.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-problem-management/#:~:text=2.,probability%20and%20impact%20to%20serv>

#### NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is the customer of a service responsible for?

- A. Authorizing the budget for the service
- B. Provisioning the service
- C. Defining the requirements for the service
- D. Using the service

**Answer:** C

#### Explanation:

Customer: A person who defines the requirements for a service and takes responsibility for the outcomes of service consumption;

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-key-concepts-service-management/>

#### NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice has a purpose that involves creating closer, more collaborative relationships?

- A. Supplier management
- B. Information security management
- C. Release management
- D. Service configuration management

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

The purpose of the supplier management practice is to ensure that the organization's suppliers and their performances are managed appropriately to support the seamless provision of quality products and services<sup>1</sup>. This practice involves creating closer, more collaborative relationships with key suppliers to improve efficiency, effectiveness, and innovation<sup>2</sup>. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 16; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 38.

#### NEW QUESTION 14

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is a key requirement for successful service level agreements (SLAs)?

- A. They should be written using language and terms which all parties will understand
- B. They should be based on system-based metrics which are useful to the service provider
- C. They should be carried forward, unchanged, from one year to the next to enable ununsisleni service
- D. They should avoid ambiguous targets such as those relating to user experience

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

An SLA is defined as a documented agreement between a service provider and a customer that identifies both services required and the expected level of service. SLAs are used to measure the performance of services from the customer's point of view, and it is important that they are agreed in the wider business context.

Some of the key requirements for successful SLAs include:

- They must be related to a defined 'service' in the service catalogue. Individual metrics without a specified service context are unhelpful.
- They should relate to defined outcomes and not simply operational metrics. This can be achieved with balanced bundles of metrics, such as customer satisfaction and key business outcomes.
- They should reflect an 'agreement': an engagement and discussion between the service provider and the service consumer. It is important to involve all stakeholders, including partners, sponsors, users, and customers.
- They must be simply written and easy to understand and use for all parties. [https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-level-management/#:~:text=Service%20Level%20Agreements%20\(SL](https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-level-management/#:~:text=Service%20Level%20Agreements%20(SL)

#### NEW QUESTION 18

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which is part of the value proposition of a service?

- A. Costs removed from the consumer by the service
- B. Costs imposed on the consumer by the service
- C. Outputs of the service received by the consumer
- D. Risks imposed on the consumer by the service

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Costs are the amount of money spent on a specific activity or resource. From the service consumer's perspective, there are two types of cost involved in service relationships:

➤ Costs removed from the consumer by the service (a part of the value proposition). For example, for a car sharing service, the customer does not pay for the actual cost of purchasing the car.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-key-concepts-service-management/>

#### NEW QUESTION 22

- (Exam Topic 4)

A service will be unavailable for the next two hours for unplanned maintenance. Which practice is MOST LIKELY to be involved in managing this?

- A. Incident management
- B. Service Request management
- C. Change enablement
- D. Service request management

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Incident management is typically closely aligned with the service desk, which is the single point of contact for all users communicating with IT. When a service is disrupted or fails to deliver the promised performance during normal service hours, it is essential to restore the service to normal operation as quickly as possible.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-v3-incident-management/>

#### NEW QUESTION 24

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the purpose of the 'monitoring and event management' practice?

- A. To restore normal service operation as quickly as possible
- B. To manage workarounds and known errors
- C. To capture demand for incident resolution and service requests
- D. To systematically observe services and service components

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 28

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which TWO types of competence are MOST important for service desk staff?

- \* 1. Knowledge of business processes
- \* 2. Collaboration skills
- \* 3. Advanced technical knowledge
- \* 4. Workflow design skills

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 and 3
- C. 3 and 4
- D. 1 and 4

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 29

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is a purpose of the 'relationship management' practice?

- A. To systematically observe services and service components
- B. To protect the information needed by the organization to conduct its business
- C. To be the entry point and single point of contact for the service provider with all of its users
- D. To identify, analyze, monitor, and continually improve links with stakeholders

**Answer:** D

#### Explanation:

Reference:

<https://wiki.process-symphony.com.au/framework/lifecycle/process/relationship-management-itil-4/>

#### NEW QUESTION 34

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which guiding principle says that services and processes should NOT provide a solution for every exception?

- A. Keep it simple and practical
- B. Think and work holistically
- C. Optimize and automate
- D. Collaborate and promote visibility

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 38

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which skill is required by the 'service level management' practice?

- A. Supplier management
- B. Technical expertise
- C. Event monitoring
- D. Problem management

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 42

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which BEST describes the purpose of the 'improve' value chain activity?

- A. To organize a major improvement initiative into several smaller initiatives
- B. To make new and improved services and features available for use
- C. To ensure a shared understanding of the vision and improvement direction for all products and services
- D. To continually improve all products and services across all value chain activities

**Answer:** D

#### Explanation:

"The purpose of the improve value chain activity is to ensure continual improvement of products, services, and practices across all value chain activities and the four dimensions of service management."

[https://www.symphonysummit.com/products/defining-industry-terms-itsm-til-til4/#:~:text=Improve%20%E2%](https://www.symphonysummit.com/products/defining-industry-terms-itsm-til-til4/#:~:text=Improve%20%E2%80%A2)

#### NEW QUESTION 43

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which activity is part of the 'continual improvement practice'?

- A. handing compliments and complaints from user to identify improvements.
- B. Improving relationships with and between stakeholders.
- C. Prioritizing and creating business cases for improvement initiatives.
- D. Identifying the cause unplanned interruptions to service.

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 47

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which facilitates outcomes that customers want to achieve?

- A. Service
- B. Warranty
- C. Organization
- D. IT asset

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 52

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about 'continual improvement' is CORRECT?

- A. All improvement ideas should be logged in a single 'continual improvement register'
- B. A single team should carry out 'continual improvement' across the organization
- C. 'Continual improvement' should have minimal interaction with other practices
- D. Everyone in the organization is responsible for some aspects of 'continual improvement'

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 55

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is a use of a change schedule?

- A. Speeding up the planning and authorization of emergency changes
- B. Providing information about deployed changes to help manage incidents and problems
- C. Providing a means of initiating and assessing normal changes
- D. Tracking and managing improvement ideas from identification through to final action

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 60**

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the definition of warranty?

- A. A means of identifying events that could cause harm or loss
- B. A means of determining whether a service is fit for purpose
- C. A means of identifying a result for a stakeholder
- D. A means of determining whether a service is fit for use

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 63**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Identify the missing word in the following sentence.

The purpose of the 'supplier management' practice is to ensure that the organization's suppliers and their performances are [?] appropriately to support the seamless provision of quality products and services.

- A. measured
- B. rewarded
- C. managed
- D. defined

**Answer:** C

**Explanation:**

Reference: <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-management-practices/>

**NEW QUESTION 64**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is part of the definition of a customer?

- A. The role that defines the requirements for a service
- B. A means of enabling value co-creation
- C. The role that authorizes budget for service consumption
- D. A set of specialized organizational capabilities for enabling value

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 66**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following is NOT recommended by the guiding principle 'start where you are'?

- A. Asking questions that appear to be stupid
- B. Identifying what is available to be leveraged
- C. Building something completely new
- D. Collecting data directly from the source

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 68**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which service request management decisions require that policies are established'?

- A. Deciding how degradations of service are resolved
- B. Deciding how to handle service requests where the steps are unknown
- C. Deciding which service requests require approval
- D. Deciding when workarounds should be used

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 70**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice has a purpose that deludes maximizing the number of successful additions modifications, or removals of anything that could have an effect on a service?

- A. Service request management
- B. Incident management
- C. Service desk
- D. Change enablement

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 73**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is a risk that might be removed from a service consumer by an IT service?

- A. Service provider ceasing to trade
- B. Security breach
- C. Failure of server hardware
- D. Cost of purchasing servers

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

Reference: <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-key-concepts-service-management/>

#### NEW QUESTION 76

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is an activity of 'problem identification'?

- A. Analyzing information from software developers
- B. Establishing problem workarounds
- C. Analyzing the cause of problems
- D. Establishing potential permanent solutions

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 81

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is a low risk change that has been pre-approved so that no additional authorization is needed?

- A. A standard change
- B. A change model
- C. An emergency change
- D. A normal change

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 82

- (Exam Topic 3)

What can help to reduce resistance to a planned improvement when applying the guiding principle 'collaborate and promote visibility'?

- A. Restricting information about the improvement to essential stakeholders only.
- B. Increasing collaboration and visibility for the improvement.
- C. Involving customers after all planning has been completed.
- D. Engaging every stakeholder group in the same way, with the same communication.

**Answer: C**

**Explanation:**

Reference: <https://www.sysaid.com/blog/entry/the-7-guiding-principles-of-itil-4-practical-advice-to-help-you-make-decisions>

#### NEW QUESTION 84

- (Exam Topic 3)

In service relationships, what is a benefit of identifying consumer roles?

- A. It enables effective stakeholder management
- B. It provides shared service expectations
- C. It removes constraints from the customer
- D. It enables a common definition of value

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 88

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the MOST important reason for prioritizing incidents?

- A. To ensure that user expectations are realistic
- B. To ensure that incidents with highest impact are resolved first
- C. To help information-sharing are learning
- D. To provide links to related changes and known errors

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 93

- (Exam Topic 3)

What can be used to determine if a service is 'fit for purpose'?

- A. Availability

- B. Warranty
- C. Outcome
- D. Utility

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 98

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which of the following is included in the purpose of the 'continual improvement' printer?

- A. The restoration of normal service operation as quickly as possible
- B. The establishment of links between the organization and its stakeholders at strategic and tactical levels
- C. The alignment of the organization's practices and services with changing business needs
- D. The reduction of the likelihood and impact of incidents

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 99

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is part of the 'focus on value' guiding principle?

- A. Understanding what services help the service consumer
- B. Reducing the number of steps in the customer experience
- C. Assessing services to identify parts that can be reused
- D. Identifying activities that can be achieved in smaller iterations

**Answer:** A

#### NEW QUESTION 101

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is an example of a service request?

- A. A request for normal operation to be restored
- B. A request to implement a security patch
- C. A request for access to a file
- D. A request to investigate the cause of an incident

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 104

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice improves customer and user satisfaction by reducing the negative impact of service interruptions?

- A. Service request management
- B. Service level management
- C. Incident management
- D. Change management

**Answer:** C

#### Explanation:

The purpose of incident management is to minimize the negative impact of incidents by restoring normal service operation as quickly as possible. Incident management can have an enormous impact on customer and user satisfaction, and the perception of those stakeholders of the service provider.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-incident-management/>

#### NEW QUESTION 107

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice nurtures links with stakeholders at strategic and tactical levels'?

- A. Supplier management
- B. Relationship management
- C. Continual improvement
- D. Service level management

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 112

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which TWO are inputs to the service value system?

- \* 1 Demand
- \* 2 Products
- \* 3 Value
- \* 4 Opportunity

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 and 3
- C. 3 and 4

D. 1 and 4

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 114**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about service offerings is CORRECT?

- A. The same product can be used as a basis for more than one service offering
- B. Service offerings include the transfer of goods from the consumer to the provider
- C. Service offerings describe how providers and consumers cooperate to co-create value
- D. Each service should be described to consumers as a single service offering

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 116**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which value chain activity ensures a shared understanding of the current status and required direction for all products and services?

- A. Plan
- B. Improve
- C. Design and transition
- D. Deliver and support

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 119**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which step of the continual improvement model includes baseline assessments?

- A. Did we get there?
- B. Where are we now?
- C. What is the vision?
- D. Where do we want to be?

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 123**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which statement about the 'service request management' practice is CORRECT?

- A. Service requests are fulfilled using simple workflows
- B. A new workflow is created for each type of request
- C. Additional approval is sometimes needed for restoration of service
- D. Financial authorization is sometimes required for service requests

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 128**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is a use of a continual improvement register?

- A. Planning changes, assisting in communication, avoiding conflicts, and assigning resources
- B. Selecting the right method, model or technique for identifying improvements
- C. Tracking and managing improvement ideas from identification through to final action
- D. Describing the services designed to meet the needs of a consumer group

**Answer:** C

**NEW QUESTION 131**

- (Exam Topic 3)

What type of change is MOST likely to be managed as a service request?

- A. A standard change
- B. A normal change
- C. An emergency change
- D. An organizational change

**Answer:** B

**NEW QUESTION 132**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which dimension of service management considers the workflows and controls needed to deliver services?

- A. Organization and people

- B. Information and technology
- C. Partners and suppliers
- D. Value streams and processes

**Answer:** D

**Explanation:**

Reference: <https://www.knowledgehut.com/tutorials/itil4-tutorial/itil-four-dimensions-it-service-management>

**NEW QUESTION 135**

- (Exam Topic 3)

A service offering may include, access to resources, and service actions, which is an example of a service action?

- A. A mobile phone enables a user to work remotely
- B. A password allows a user connect to a Wifi network
- C. A license allows a user to install a software product
- D. A service desk agent provides support to user.

**Answer:** D

**NEW QUESTION 139**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Identify the missing words in the following sentence.

When an organization has decided to improve a service, it should start by considering [?].

- A. existing information
- B. new methods
- C. additional measurements
- D. revised processes

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 142**

- (Exam Topic 3)

A flaw in an application could cause a service to fail IT staff are actively analysing the application to try and understand what is going on. What is the correct name for this type of flaw?

- A. Problem
- B. Incident
- C. Event
- D. Known error

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 146**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Identify the missing word in the following sentence.

A customer define is the [?] for a service and takes responsibility for the outcomes of service consumption.

- A. Requirements
- B. Resources
- C. Suppliers
- D. products

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 151**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice has a purpose that includes managing risks to confidentiality, integrity and availability?

- A. Information security management
- B. Change enablement
- C. Problem management
- D. Service configuration management

**Answer:** A

**NEW QUESTION 156**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which is provided by the 'engage' value chain activity?

- A. Ensuring that stakeholder expectations for quality are met
- B. Ensuring that stakeholder needs are understood by the organization
- C. Ensuring that service components are available when needed
- D. Ensuring that services are operated to meet agreed specifications

**Answer:**

B

**NEW QUESTION 161**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which value chain activity ensures that ongoing service activity meets user expectations?

- A. Plan
- B. Engage
- C. Obtain/build
- D. Deliver and support

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 165**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which should be handled by 'service request management'?

- A. A request to implement a security patch
- B. A request to provide a laptop
- C. A request to resolve an error in a service
- D. A request to change a target in a service level agreement

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

Reference: <https://www.atlassian.com/itsm/service-request-management>

**NEW QUESTION 166**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice minimizes the impact on normal service operation by managing resources in response to unplanned reductions in service quality?

- A. Incident management
- B. Change enablement
- C. Service level management
- D. Continual improvement

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 167**

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which practice ensures that any addition, modification, or removal of anything that could have an effect on services is assessed and authorized?

- A. Deployment management
- B. Release management
- C. Change enablement
- D. Service configuration management

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 170**

- (Exam Topic 3)

How are target resolution times used in the 'incident management' practice?

- A. They are agreed, documented, and communicated to help set user expectations
- B. They are established, reviewed, and reported to ensure that customers are happy with the service
- C. They are initiated, approved, and managed to ensure that predictable responses are achieved
- D. They are scheduled, assessed and authorized to reduce the risk of service failures

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 171**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice would help a user gain access to an application that they need to use?

- A. Service configuration management
- B. Change enablement
- C. Service request management
- D. Service level management

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 176**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which guiding principle recommends organizing work into smaller, manageable sections that can be executed and completed in a timely manner?

- A. Focus on value
- B. Start where you are
- C. Collaborate and promote visibility
- D. Progress iteratively with feedback

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 180**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is an event?

- A. The addition, modification, or removal of anything that could have a direct or indirect effect on services
- B. Any change of state that has significance for the management of a service or other configuration item
- C. Cause of one or more incidents
- D. An unplanned interruption to a service or reduction in the quality of a service

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 185**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is defined as an unplanned interruption or reduction in the quality of a service?

- A. An incident
- B. A problem
- C. A change
- D. An event

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 189**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which statement about known errors and problems is CORRECT?

- A. Known error is the status assigned to a problem after it has been analysed
- B. A known error is the cause of one or more problems
- C. Known errors cause vulnerabilities, problems cause incidents
- D. Known errors are managed by technical staff, problems are managed by service management staff

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 190**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which ITIL concept describes governance?

- A. The service value system
- B. The service value chain
- C. The seven guiding principles
- D. The four dimensions of service management

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 191**

- (Exam Topic 2)

How does categorization of incidents assist the 'incident management' practice?

- A. It determines the priority assigned to the incident
- B. It determines how the service provider is perceived
- C. It helps direct the incident to the correct support area
- D. It ensures that incidents are resolved in timescales agreed with the customer

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 194**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What includes governance as a component?

- A. Practices
- B. The service value chain
- C. The service value system
- D. The guiding principles

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 199**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which statement about change authorization is CORRECT?

- A. A change authority should be assigned to each type of change and change model
- B. Centralizing change authorization to a single person is the most effective means of authorization
- C. The authorization of normal changes should be expedited to ensure they can be implemented quickly
- D. Standard changes are high risk and should be authorized by the highest level of change authority

**Answer:** A

#### **NEW QUESTION 203**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the purpose of the 'problem management' practice?

- A. To protect the information needed by the organization to conduct its business
- B. To reduce the likelihood and impact of incidents by identifying actual and potential causes of incidents, and managing workarounds and known errors
- C. To align the organization's practices and services with changing business needs through the ongoing identification and improvement of services
- D. To minimize the negative impact of incidents by restoring normal service operation as quickly as possible

**Answer:** B

#### **NEW QUESTION 205**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice may involve the initiation of disaster recovery?

- A. Incident management
- B. Service request management
- C. Service level management
- D. IT asset management

**Answer:** A

#### **NEW QUESTION 209**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is a supplier category?

- A. Technical
- B. Commodity
- C. Customer
- D. Resource

**Answer:** D

#### **NEW QUESTION 212**

- (Exam Topic 2)

How should an organization include third-party suppliers in the continual improvement of services?

- A. Ensure suppliers include details of their approach to service improvement in contracts
- B. Require evidence that the supplier uses agile development methods
- C. Require evidence that the supplier implements all improvements using project management practices
- D. Ensure that all supplier problem management activities result in improvements

**Answer:** A

#### **NEW QUESTION 217**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the reason for using a balanced bundle of service metrics?

- A. It reduces the number of metrics that need to be collected
- B. It reports each service element separately
- C. It provides an outcome-based view of services
- D. It facilitates the automatic collection of metrics

**Answer:** C

#### **NEW QUESTION 222**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is a purpose of the 'service level management' practice?

- A. To establish and nurture the links between the organization and its stakeholders
- B. To ensure that the organization's suppliers and their performance are managed appropriately
- C. To set clear business-based targets for service levels
- D. To support the agreed quality of a service handling all agreed, user-initiated service requests

**Answer:** C

#### **NEW QUESTION 223**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice provides support for managing feedback, compliments and complaints from users?

- A. Change control
- B. Service request management
- C. Problem management
- D. Incident management

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 227

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which dimension includes the knowledge needed for the management of services?

- A. Organizations and people
- B. Value streams and processes
- C. Information and technology
- D. Partners and suppliers

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 230

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the purpose of the 'incident management' practice?

- A. To minimize the negative impact of incidents by restoring normal service operation as quickly as possible
- B. To capture demand for incident resolution and service requests
- C. To reduce the likelihood and impact of incidents by identifying actual and potential causes of incidents
- D. To support the agreed service quality by effective handling of all agreed user-initiated service requests

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 234

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice ensures that accurate and reliable information is available about configuration items and the relationships between them?

- A. Service configuration management
- B. Service desk
- C. IT asset management
- D. Monitoring and event management

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 238

- (Exam Topic 2)

What should a release policy include?

- A. The process owner and process manager for each type of release
- B. The roles and responsibilities for incident and problem resolution
- C. The naming convention and expected frequency of each type of release
- D. The naming convention for all configuration items (CI) recorded in the configuration management system(CMS)

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 243

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which of these activities is carried out as part of 'problem management'?

- A. Creating incident records
- B. Diagnosing and resolving incidents
- C. Escalating incidents to a support team for resolution
- D. Trend analysis of incident records

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 246

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which processes are responsible for the regular review of underpinning contracts?

- A. Supplier management and service level management
- B. Supplier management and change management
- C. Availability management and service level management
- D. Supplier management and availability management

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 251

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which guiding principle considers the importance of customer loyalty?

- A. Progress iteratively with feedback
- B. Focus on value
- C. Optimize and automate
- D. Start where you are

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 256

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice includes the use of approaches such as Lean, Agile and DevOps with the aim of facilitating a greater amount of change at a quicker rate?

- A. Service desk
- B. Monitoring and event management
- C. Service level management
- D. Continual improvement

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 261

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which are phases of the release and deployment process?

- \* 1. Release build and test
- \* 2. Review and close
- \* 3. Categorize and record
- \* 4. Change authorization and schedule

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 1 and 3
- C. 2 and 4
- D. 3 and 4

**Answer: A**

#### NEW QUESTION 265

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a change schedule used for?

- A. To help plan emergency changes
- B. To help authorize standard changes
- C. To help assign a change authority
- D. To help manage normal changes

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 269

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice has a purpose that includes maximizing success by ensuring that risks have been properly assessed?

- A. Relationship management
- B. Change control
- C. Release management
- D. Monitoring and event management

**Answer: B**

#### Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.symphonysummit.com/products/what-is-it-service-management-itsm/>

#### NEW QUESTION 273

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which value chain activity communicates the current status of all four dimensions of service management?

- A. Improve
- B. Engage
- C. Obtain/build
- D. Plan

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 278

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which statement about IT service management is CORRECT? D18912E1457D5D1DDCBD40AB3BF70D5D

- A. It is performed by customers using a mix of IT systems, services and processes
- B. It is performed by IT service providers using a mix of suppliers and their products
- C. It is performed by the service desk using a mix of people, process and technology
- D. It is performed by IT service providers using a mix of people, process and technology

**Answer: D**

#### **NEW QUESTION 280**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What actions does a service desk take for all issues, queries and requests that are reported to them?

- A. Schedule, assess, authorize
- B. Diagnose, investigate, resolve
- C. Initiate, approve, fulfill
- D. Acknowledge, classify, own

**Answer: C**

#### **NEW QUESTION 284**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is recommended by the guiding principle 'progress iteratively with feedback'?

- A. A current state assessment that is carried out at the start of an improvement initiative
- B. The identification of all interested parts at the start of an improvement initiative
- C. An improvement initiative that is broken into a number of manageable sections
- D. An assessment of how all the parts of an organization will affect an improvement initiative

**Answer: C**

#### **NEW QUESTION 288**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which guiding principle is PRIMARILY concerned with consumer's revenue and growth?

- A. Keep it simple and practical
- B. Optimize and automate
- C. Progress iteratively with feedback
- D. Focus on value

**Answer: D**

#### **NEW QUESTION 293**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which ITIL practice has the purpose to establish and nurture the links between the organization and its stakeholders at strategic and tactical levels?

- A. Supplier management
- B. Change enablement
- C. Relationship management
- D. Service desk

**Answer: C**

#### **NEW QUESTION 297**

- (Exam Topic 2)

In which step of the 'continual improvement model' is an improvement plan implemented?

- A. What is the vision?
- B. How do we get there?
- C. Take action
- D. Did we get there?

**Answer: C**

#### **NEW QUESTION 302**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is the CORRECT of the 'R' role in a RACI matrix?

- A. This role ensures that activities are executed correctly
- B. This role has ownership of the end result
- C. This role is involved in providing knowledge and input
- D. This role ensures the flow of information to stakeholders

**Answer: B**

#### **NEW QUESTION 305**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which practice forms a link between the service provider and the users of services?

- A. Change enablement
- B. Service level management
- C. Problem management
- D. Service desk

**Answer:** D

#### NEW QUESTION 308

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which term relates to service levels aligned with the needs of service consumers?

- A. Service management
- B. Warranty
- C. Cost
- D. Utility

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 312

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which helps to streamline the fulfilment of service requests?

- A. Understanding which service requests can be accomplished with limited approvals
- B. Creating new workflows for every service request
- C. Separating requests relating to service failures from the degradation of services
- D. Eliminating service requests which have complex workflows

**Answer:** A

#### Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-service-request-management/>

#### NEW QUESTION 315

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is a set of specialized organizational capabilities for enabling value for customers in the form of services?

- A. Service offering
- B. Service provision
- C. Service management
- D. Service consumption

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 316

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the PRIMARY use of a change schedule?

- A. To support the 'incident management' practice and improvement planning
- B. To manage emergency changes
- C. To plan changes and help avoid conflicts
- D. To manage standard changes

**Answer:** C

#### NEW QUESTION 317

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is an important principle of communication in service operation?

- A. Information should always be communicated
- B. It has an intended purpose or a resultant action D18912E1457D5D1DDCBD40AB3BF70D5D
- C. Meetings are always the best method of communication
- D. It is stored in the configuration management system

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 321

- (Exam Topic 2)

Identify the missing word in the following sentence. A user is [?] that uses services.

- A. an organization
- B. a role
- C. a team
- D. a supplier

**Answer:**

B

**NEW QUESTION 322**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which two practices use workarounds?

- A. Change enablement and continual improvement
- B. Change enablement and problem management
- C. Problem management and incident management
- D. Incident management and continual improvement

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 323**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which is included in the purpose of the 'service level management' practice?

- A. To maximize the number of successful service and product changes
- B. To ensure accurate information about the configuration of services is available
- C. To set clear business-based targets for service levels
- D. To ensure that suppliers and their performance are managed appropriately

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 326**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which guiding principle considers customer and user experience?

- A. Collaborate and promote visibility
- B. Focus on value
- C. Start where you are
- D. Keep it simple and practical

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 330**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which service catalogue view is considered beneficial when constructing the relationship between services, SLAs, OLAs, and other underpinning agreements?

- A. Service-based SLA view
- B. Wholesale customer view
- C. Retail customer view
- D. Supporting services view

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 335**

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is an incident?

- A. The planned removal of an item that might affect a service
- B. A result enabled by one or more outputs
- C. A possible future event that could cause harm
- D. A service interruption resolved by the use of self-help tools

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 337**

- (Exam Topic 1)

What type of change is MOST likely to be managed by the 'service request management' practice?

- A. An emergency change
- B. A normal change
- C. An application change
- D. A standard change

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 342**

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which process works with incident management to ensure that security breaches are detected and logged?

- A. Change management
- B. Service level management
- C. Access management
- D. Continual service improvement

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 346**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which is a key requirement for a successful service level agreement?

- A. It should be written in legal language
- B. It should be simply written and easy to understand
- C. It should be based on the service provider's view of the service
- D. It should relate to simple operational metrics

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 348**

- (Exam Topic 1)

A major incident has been closed, but there is a risk that it might happen again. How should this be logged and managed?

- A. As an event
- B. As a problem
- C. As a service request
- D. As a change request

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 353**

- (Exam Topic 1)

What are 'engage', 'plan' and 'improve' examples of?

- A. Service value chain activities
- B. Service level management
- C. Service value chain inputs
- D. Change control

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 358**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which dimension includes a workflow management system?

- A. Value streams and processes
- B. Partners and suppliers
- C. Information and technology
- D. Organizations and people

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 362**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which activity captures the demand for incident resolution and service requests?

- A. Change control
- B. Problem management
- C. Service desk
- D. Service catalogue management

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 364**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which activity is part of the 'continual improvement' practice?

- A. Populating and maintaining the asset register
- B. Providing a clear path for users to report issues, queries, and requests
- C. Delivering tactical and operational engagement with customers
- D. Identifying and logging opportunities

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 369**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which is a purpose of the 'engage' value chain activity?

- A. Meeting expectations for quality, costs and time-to-market
- B. Ensuring the continual improvement of services
- C. Ensuring that the organization's vision is understood

D. Providing transparency and good relationships

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 373**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which is a purpose of the 'service desk' practice?

- A. To reduce the likelihood and impact of incidents by identifying actual and potential causes of incidents
- B. To capture demand for incident resolution and service requests
- C. To set clear business-based targets for service performance
- D. To maximize the number of successful IT changes by ensuring risks are properly assessed

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 374**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which practice provides a single point of contact for users?

- A. Incident management
- B. Change control
- C. Service desk
- D. Service request management

**Answer: C**

**NEW QUESTION 375**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Identify the missing word in the following sentence.

The purpose of the service configuration management practice is to ensure that accurate and reliable information about the configuration of services, and the [?] that support them, is available when and where it is needed.

- A. suppliers
- B. assets
- C. customers
- D. CIs

**Answer: D**

**NEW QUESTION 378**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which describes normal changes?

- A. Changes that need to be scheduled and assessed following a process
- B. Changes that are low-risk and pre-authorized
- C. Changes that are typically initiated as service requests
- D. Changes that must be implemented as soon as possible

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 383**

- (Exam Topic 1)

What are the types of asset management?

- A. IT asset management and software asset management
- B. Operational and technical management
- C. IT asset management and technical management
- D. Operational management and IT asset management

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION 388**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Identify the missing word in the following sentence.

The use of [?] should support, not replace what is observed, when using the 'start where you are' guiding principle.

- A. plans
- B. measurement
- C. process
- D. tools

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION 393**

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statement about costs is CORRECT?

- A. Costs removed from the consumer are part of service consumption
- B. Costs imposed on the consumer are costs of service utility
- C. Costs removed from the consumer are part of the value proposition
- D. Costs imposed on the consumer are costs of service warranty

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 398

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the expected outcome from using a service value chain?

- A. Service value streams
- B. Value realization
- C. Customer engagement
- D. The application of practices

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 399

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is described by the service value system?

- A. How to apply the systems approach of the guiding principle think and work holistically
- B. Services based on one or more products, designed to address needs of a target consumer group
- C. How all the components and activities of the organization work together as a system to enable value creation
- D. Joint activities performed by a service provider and a service consumer to ensure continual value co-creation

**Answer: C**

#### NEW QUESTION 403

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which of the following is an example of incident?

- A. A backup server is being rebooted while services are running on the primary server
- B. An application is not available during the business hours
- C. A user has requested access to a shared repository
- D. A user wants to reset the password of a server

**Answer: B**

#### NEW QUESTION 407

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which practice has a purpose that includes observing a service to report selected changes of state identified as events?

- A. Incident management
- B. Monitoring and event management
- C. Change control
- D. Information security management

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 410

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which TWO statements about an organization's culture are CORRECT? (Choose two.)

- \* 1. It is created from shared values based on how it carries out its work
- \* 2. It is determined by the type of technology used to support services
- \* 3. It should be based on the culture of prospective suppliers
- \* 4. It should be based on the objectives of the organization

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 and 3
- C. 3 and 4
- D. 1 and 4

**Answer: D**

#### NEW QUESTION 413

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which statement about a 'continual improvement register' is CORRECT?

- A. It should be managed at the senior level of the organization
- B. It should be used to capture user demand
- C. There should only be one for the whole organization
- D. It should be re-prioritized as ideas are documented

Answer: D

#### NEW QUESTION 414

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which is the purpose of the 'monitoring and event management' practice?

- A. To ensure that accurate and reliable information about the configuration of services is available when and where it is needed
- B. To systematically observe services and service components, and record and report selected changes of state
- C. To protect the information needed by the organization to conduct its business
- D. To minimize the negative impact of incidents by restoring normal service operation as quickly as possible

Answer: B

#### NEW QUESTION 419

- (Exam Topic 1)

How does information about problems and known errors contribute to 'incident management'?

- A. It enables the reassessment of known errors
- B. It enables quick and efficient diagnosis of incidents
- C. It removes the need for collaboration during incident resolution
- D. It removes the need for regular customer updates

Answer: B

#### NEW QUESTION 424

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which of the following statements about change authorization is CORRECT?

- A. Every time a standard change is requested a change authority is assigned
- B. The technician making an emergency change can authorize such changes
- C. The change type and model is the basis for assigning the change authority
- D. Ensuring that changes are authorized after their deployment is done by the change authority

Answer: C

#### Explanation:

The change enablement practice maximizes the number of successful service and product changes by ensuring that risks have been properly assessed, authorized, and managed within a schedule<sup>1</sup>. Change authorization is the activity of verifying that a proposed change is desirable, viable, and achievable before committing to its implementation<sup>2</sup>. The change type (standard, normal, or emergency) and model (a predefined approach for handling a specific type of change) is the basis for assigning the change authority (the role that can authorize a change)<sup>2</sup>. The other statements are incorrect because:

- A standard change is a low-risk, pre-authorized change that follows an agreed procedure and does not require authorization at the point of implementation<sup>2</sup>.
- An emergency change is a high-priority change that must be implemented as soon as possible to resolve an incident or implement a security patch<sup>2</sup>. An emergency change must be authorized by an emergency change authority (ECA), which is usually a subset of the normal change authority (CAB)<sup>2</sup>.
- Ensuring that changes are authorized before their deployment is done by the change enabler (the role that coordinates all aspects of a change)<sup>2</sup>. References: ITIL Foundation - ITIL 4 Edition, page 16; ITIL® 4 – A Pocket Guide, page 39; ITIL® 4 Practice Guide: Change Enablement, page 7.

#### NEW QUESTION 429

- (Exam Topic 4)

For which purpose would the continual improvement practice use a SWOT analysis?

- A. Understanding the current state
- B. Defining the future desired state
- C. Tracking and managing ideas
- D. Ensuring everyone actively participates

Answer: A

#### Explanation:

A SWOT (also known as SLOT) analysis is a powerful strategic planning tool used to evaluate the Strengths, Weaknesses/Limitations, Opportunities and Threats to a project or business

<http://steppingstonesforbusiness.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2012/07/FS116-SWOT-Analysis-for-Continuous-Im>

#### NEW QUESTION 432

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice balance management of risk with maximizing throughput?

- A. Change enablement
- B. Continual improvement
- C. Incident management
- D. Problem management

Answer: A

#### Explanation:

The purpose of the change enablement practice is to maximize the number of successful IT changes by ensuring that risks have been properly assessed, authorizing changes to proceed, and managing the change schedule.

**NEW QUESTION 435**

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which practice has a purpose that includes managing risks to confidentiality, integrity and availability?

- A. Information security management
- B. Continual improvement
- C. Monitoring and event management
- D. Service level management

**Answer:** A

**Explanation:**

To protect the information needed by the organization to conduct its business. This includes understanding and managing risks to the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information, as well as other aspects of information security such as authentication and non-repudiation.

<https://www.bmc.com/blogs/itil-management-practices/>

**NEW QUESTION 438**

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