



Salesforce

Exam Questions Data-Cloud-Consultant

Salesforce Certified Data Cloud Consultant(WI24)

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NEW QUESTION 1

Cumulus Financial is currently using Data Cloud and ingesting transactional data from its backend system via an S3 Connector in upsert mode. During the initial setup six months ago, the company created a formula field in Data Cloud to create a custom classification. It now needs to update this formula to account for more classifications.

What should the consultant keep in mind with regard to formula field updates when using the S3 Connector?

- A. Data Cloud will initiate a full refresh of data from S3 and will update the formula on all records.
- B. Data Cloud will only update the formula on a go-forward basis for new records.
- C. Data Cloud does not support formula field updates for data streams of type upsert.
- D. Data Cloud will update the formula for all records at the next incremental upsert refresh.

Answer: D

Explanation:

A formula field is a field that calculates a value based on other fields or constants. When using the S3 Connector to ingest data from an Amazon S3 bucket, Data Cloud supports creating and updating formula fields on the data lake objects (DLOs) that store the data from the S3 source. However, the formula field updates are not applied immediately, but rather at the next incremental upsert refresh of the data stream. An incremental upsert refresh is a process that adds new records and updates existing records from the S3 source to the DLO based on the primary key field. Therefore, the consultant should keep in mind that the formula field updates will affect both new and existing records, but only after the next incremental upsert refresh of the data stream. The other options are incorrect because Data Cloud does not initiate a full refresh of data from S3, does not update the formula only for new records, and does support formula field updates for data streams of type upsert. References: Create a Formula Field, Amazon S3 Connection, Data Lake Object

NEW QUESTION 2

Cumulus Financial uses Service Cloud as its CRM and stores mobile phone, home phone, and work phone as three separate fields for its customers on the Contact record. The company plans to use Data Cloud and ingest the Contact object via the CRM Connector.

What is the most efficient approach that a consultant should take when ingesting this data to ensure all the different phone numbers are properly mapped and available for use in activation?

- A. Ingest the Contact object and map the Work Phone, Mobile Phone, and Home Phone to the Contact Point Phone data map object from the Contact data stream.
- B. Ingest the Contact object and use streaming transforms to normalize the phone numbers from the Contact data stream into a separate Phone data lake object (DLO) that contains three rows, and then map this new DLO to the Contact Point Phone data map object.
- C. Ingest the Contact object and then create a calculated insight to normalize the phone numbers, and then map to the Contact Point Phone data map object.
- D. Ingest the Contact object and create formula fields in the Contact data stream on the phone numbers, and then map to the Contact Point Phone data map object.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The most efficient approach that a consultant should take when ingesting this data to ensure all the different phone numbers are properly mapped and available for use in activation is B. Ingest the Contact object and use streaming transforms to normalize the phone numbers from the Contact data stream into a separate Phone data lake object (DLO) that contains three rows, and then map this new DLO to the Contact Point Phone data map object. This approach allows the consultant to use the streaming transforms feature of Data Cloud, which enables data manipulation and transformation at the time of ingestion, without requiring any additional processing or storage. Streaming transforms can be used to normalize the phone numbers from the Contact data stream, such as removing spaces, dashes, or parentheses, and adding country codes if needed. The normalized phone numbers can then be stored in a separate Phone DLO, which can have one row for each phone number type (work, home, mobile). The Phone DLO can then be mapped to the Contact Point Phone data map object, which is a standard object that represents a phone number associated with a contact point. This way, the consultant can ensure that all the phone numbers are available for activation, such as sending SMS messages or making calls to the customers.

The other options are not as efficient as option B. Option A is incorrect because it does not normalize the phone numbers, which may cause issues with activation or identity resolution. Option C is incorrect because it requires creating a calculated insight, which is an additional step that consumes more resources and time than streaming transforms. Option D is incorrect because it requires creating formula fields in the Contact data stream, which may not be supported by the CRM Connector or may cause conflicts with the existing fields in the Contact object. References: Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Exam Guide, Data Ingestion and Modeling, Streaming Transforms, Contact Point Phone

NEW QUESTION 3

How can a consultant modify attribute names to match a naming convention in Cloud File Storage targets?

- A. Use a formula field to update the field name in an activation.
- B. Update attribute names in the data stream configuration.
- C. Set preferred attribute names when configuring activation.
- D. Update field names in the data model object.

Answer: C

Explanation:

A Cloud File Storage target is a type of data action target in Data Cloud that allows sending data to a cloud storage service such as Amazon S3 or Google Cloud Storage. When configuring an activation to a Cloud File Storage target, a consultant can modify the attribute names to match a naming convention by setting preferred attribute names in Data Cloud. Preferred attribute names are aliases that can be used to control the field names in the target file. They can be set for each attribute in the activation configuration, and they will override the default field names from the data model object. The other options are incorrect because they do not affect the field names in the target file. Using a formula field to update the field name in an activation will not change the field name, but only the field value. Updating attribute names in the data stream configuration will not affect the existing data lake objects or data model objects. Updating field names in the data model object will change the field names for all data sources and activations that use the object, which may not be desirable or consistent. References: Preferred Attribute Name, Create a Data Cloud Activation Target, Cloud File Storage Target

NEW QUESTION 4

Cumulus Financial created a segment called Multiple Investments that contains individuals who have invested in two or more mutual funds.

The company plans to send an email to this segment regarding a new mutual fund offering, and wants to personalize the email content with information about each customer's current mutual fund investments.

How should the Data Cloud consultant configure this activation?

- A. Include Fund Type equal to "Mutual Fund" as a related attribut
- B. Configure an activation based on the new segment with no additional attributes.
- C. Choose the Multiple Investments segment, choose the Email contact point, add related attribute Fund Name, and add related attribute filter for Fund Type equal to "Mutual Fund".
- D. Choose the Multiple Investments segment, choose the Email contact point, and add related attribute Fund Type.
- E. Include Fund Name and Fund Type by default for post processing in the target system.

Answer: B

Explanation:

To personalize the email content with information about each customer's current mutual fund investments, the Data Cloud consultant needs to add related attributes to the activation. Related attributes are additional data fields that can be sent along with the segment to the target system for personalization or analysis purposes. In this case, the consultant needs to add the Fund Name attribute, which contains the name of the mutual fund that the customer has invested in, and apply a filter for Fund Type equal to "Mutual Fund" to ensure that only relevant data is sent. The other options are not correct because:

? A. Including Fund Type equal to "Mutual Fund" as a related attribute is not enough to personalize the email content. The consultant also needs to include the Fund Name attribute, which contains the specific name of the mutual fund that the customer has invested in.

? C. Adding related attribute Fund Type is not enough to personalize the email content. The consultant also needs to add the Fund Name attribute, which contains the specific name of the mutual fund that the customer has invested in, and apply a filter for Fund Type equal to "Mutual Fund" to ensure that only relevant data is sent.

? D. Including Fund Name and Fund Type by default for post processing in the target system is not a valid option. The consultant needs to add the related attributes and filters during the activation configuration in Data Cloud, not after the data is sent to the target system. References: Add Related Attributes to an Activation - Salesforce, Related Attributes in Activation - Salesforce, Prepare for Your Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Credential

NEW QUESTION 5

A consultant wants to build a new audience in Data Cloud.

Which three criteria can the consultant include when building a segment? Choose 3 answers

- A. Direct attributes
- B. Data stream attributes
- C. Calculated Insights
- D. Related attributes
- E. Streaming insights

Answer: ACD

Explanation:

A segment is a subset of individuals who meet certain criteria based on their attributes and behaviors. A consultant can use different types of criteria when building a segment in Data Cloud, such as:

? Direct attributes: These are attributes that describe the characteristics of an individual, such as name, email, gender, age, etc. These attributes are stored in the Profile data model object (DMO) and can be used to filter individuals based on their profile data.

? Calculated Insights: These are insights that perform calculations on data in a data space and store the results in a data extension. These insights can be used to segment individuals based on metrics or scores derived from their data, such as customer lifetime value, churn risk, loyalty tier, etc.

? Related attributes: These are attributes that describe the relationships of an individual with other DMOs, such as Email, Engagement, Order, Product, etc. These attributes can be used to segment individuals based on their interactions or transactions with different entities, such as email opens, clicks, purchases, etc.

The other two options are not valid criteria for building a segment in Data Cloud. Data stream attributes are attributes that describe the streaming data that is ingested into Data Cloud from various sources, such as Marketing Cloud, Commerce Cloud, Service Cloud, etc. These attributes are not directly available for segmentation, but they can be transformed and stored in data extensions using streaming data transforms. Streaming insights are insights that analyze streaming data in real time and trigger actions based on predefined conditions. These insights are not used for segmentation, but for activation and personalization. References: Create a Segment in Data Cloud, Use Insights in Data Cloud, Data Cloud Data Model

NEW QUESTION 6

A healthcare client wants to make use of identity resolution, but does not want to risk unifying profiles that may share certain personally identifying information (PII).

Which matching rule criteria should a consultant recommend for the most accurate matching results?

- A. Party Identification on Patient ID
- B. Exact Last Name and Email
- C. Email Address and Phone
- D. Fuzzy First Name, Exact Last Name, and Email

Answer: A

Explanation:

Identity resolution is the process of linking data from different sources into a unified profile of a customer or an individual. Identity resolution uses matching rules to compare the attributes of different records and determine if they belong to the same person. Matching rules can be based on exact or fuzzy matching of various attributes, such as name, email, phone, address, or custom identifiers. A healthcare client who wants to use identity resolution, but does not want to risk unifying profiles that may share certain personally identifying information (PII), such as name or email, should use a matching rule criteria that is based on a unique and reliable identifier that is specific to the healthcare domain. One such identifier is the patient ID, which is a unique number assigned to each patient by a healthcare provider or system. By using the party identification on patient ID as a matching rule criteria, the healthcare client can ensure that only records that have the same patient ID are matched and unified, and avoid false positives or false negatives that may occur due to common or similar names or emails. The party identification on patient ID is also a secure and compliant way of handling sensitive healthcare data, as it does not expose or share any PII that may be subject to data protection regulations or standards. References: Configure Identity Resolution Rulesets, A framework of identity resolution: evaluating identity attributes and methods

NEW QUESTION 7

Northern Trail Outfitters wants to use some of its Marketing Cloud data in Data Cloud. Which engagement channel data will require custom integration?

- A. SMS

- B. Email
- C. CloudPage
- D. Mobile push

Answer: C

Explanation:

CloudPage is a web page that can be personalized and hosted by Marketing Cloud. It is not one of the standard engagement channels that Data Cloud supports out of the box. To use CloudPage data in Data Cloud, a custom integration is required. The other engagement channels (SMS, email, and mobile push) are supported by Data Cloud and can be integrated using the Marketing Cloud Connector or the Marketing Cloud API. References: Data Cloud Overview, Marketing Cloud Connector, Marketing Cloud API

NEW QUESTION 8

A consultant has an activation that is set to publish every 12 hours, but has discovered that updates to the data prior to activation are delayed by up to 24 hours. Which two areas should a consultant review to troubleshoot this issue? Choose 2 answers

- A. Review data transformations to ensure they're run after calculated insights.
- B. Review calculated insights to make sure they're run before segments are refreshed.
- C. Review segments to ensure they're refreshed after the data is ingested.
- D. Review calculated insights to make sure they're run after the segments are refreshed.

Answer: BC

Explanation:

The correct answer is B and C because calculated insights and segments are both dependent on the data ingestion process. Calculated insights are derived from the data model objects and segments are subsets of data model objects that meet certain criteria. Therefore, both of them need to be updated after the data is ingested to reflect the latest changes. Data transformations are optional steps that can be applied to the data streams before they are mapped to the data model objects, so they are not relevant to the issue. Reviewing calculated insights to make sure they're run after the segments are refreshed (option D) is also incorrect because calculated insights are independent of segments and do not need to be refreshed after them. References: Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Exam Guide, Data Ingestion and Modeling, Calculated Insights, Segments

NEW QUESTION 9

Which permission setting should a consultant check if the custom Salesforce CRM object is not available in New Data Stream configuration?

- A. Confirm the Create object permission is enabled in the Data Cloud org.
- B. Confirm the View All object permission is enabled in the source Salesforce CRM org.
- C. Confirm the Ingest Object permission is enabled in the Salesforce CRM org.
- D. Confirm that the Modify Object permission is enabled in the Data Cloud org.

Answer: B

Explanation:

To create a new data stream from a custom Salesforce CRM object, the consultant needs to confirm that the View All object permission is enabled in the source Salesforce CRM org. This permission allows the user to view all records associated with the object, regardless of sharing settings¹. Without this permission, the custom object will not be available in the New Data Stream configuration². References:

- ? Manage Access with Data Cloud Permission Sets
- ? Object Permissions

NEW QUESTION 10

Which two common use cases can be addressed with Data Cloud? Choose 2 answers

- A. Understand and act upon customer data to drive more relevant experiences.
- B. Govern enterprise data lifecycle through a centralized set of policies and processes.
- C. Harmonize data from multiple sources with a standardized and extendable data model.
- D. Safeguard critical business data by serving as a centralized system for backup and disaster recovery.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Data Cloud is a data platform that can help customers connect, prepare, harmonize, unify, query, analyze, and act on their data across various Salesforce and external sources. Some of the common use cases that can be addressed with Data Cloud are:

- ? Understand and act upon customer data to drive more relevant experiences. Data Cloud can help customers gain a 360-degree view of their customers by unifying data from different sources and resolving identities across channels. Data Cloud can also help customers segment their audiences, create personalized experiences, and activate data in any channel using insights and AI.
- ? Harmonize data from multiple sources with a standardized and extendable data model. Data Cloud can help customers transform and cleanse their data before using it, and map it to a common data model that can be extended and customized. Data Cloud can also help customers create calculated insights and related attributes to enrich their data and optimize identity resolution.

The other two options are not common use cases for Data Cloud. Data Cloud does not provide data governance or backup and disaster recovery features, as these are typically handled by other Salesforce or external solutions.

References:

- ? Learn How Data Cloud Works
- ? About Salesforce Data Cloud
- ? Discover Use Cases for the Platform
- ? Understand Common Data Analysis Use Cases

NEW QUESTION 10

Northern Trail Outfitters uses B2C Commerce and is exploring implementing Data Cloud to get a unified view of its customers and all their order transactions. What should the consultant keep in mind with regard to historical data ingesting order data using the B2C Commerce Order Bundle?

- A. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle ingests 12 months of historical data.
- B. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle ingests 6 months of historical data.
- C. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle does not ingest any historical data and only ingests new orders from that point on.
- D. The B2C Commerce Order Bundle ingests 30 days of historical data.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The B2C Commerce Order Bundle is a data bundle that creates a data stream to flow order data from a B2C Commerce instance to Data Cloud. However, this data bundle does not ingest any historical data and only ingests new orders from the time the data stream is created. Therefore, if a consultant wants to ingest historical order data, they need to use a different method, such as exporting the data from B2C Commerce and importing it to Data Cloud using a CSV file¹².

References:

? Create a B2C Commerce Data Bundle

? Data Access and Export for B2C Commerce and Commerce Marketplace

NEW QUESTION 15

A customer is trying to activate data from Data Cloud to an Amazon S3 Cloud File Storage Bucket.

Which authentication type should the consultant recommend to connect to the S3 bucket from Data Cloud?

- A. Use an S3 Private Key Certificate.
- B. Use an S3 Encrypted Username and Password.
- C. Use a JWT Token generated on S3.
- D. Use an S3 Access Key and Secret Key.

Answer: D

Explanation:

To use the Amazon S3 Storage Connector in Data Cloud, the consultant needs to provide the S3 bucket name, region, and access key and secret key for authentication. The access key and secret key are generated by AWS and can be managed in the IAM console. The other options are not supported by the S3 Storage Connector or by Data Cloud. References: Amazon S3 Storage Connector - Salesforce, How to Use the Amazon S3 Storage Connector in Data Cloud | Salesforce Developers Blog

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NEW QUESTION 17

Cumulus Financial uses Data Cloud to segment banking customers and activate them for direct mail via a Cloud File Storage activation. The company also wants to analyze individuals who have been in the segment within the last 2 years.

Which Data Cloud component allows for this?

- A. Nested segments
- B. Segment exclusion
- C. Calculated insights
- D. Segment membership data model object

Answer: D

Explanation:

The segment membership data model object is a Data Cloud component that allows for analyzing individuals who have been in a segment within a certain time period. The segment membership data model object is a table that stores the information about which individuals belong to which segments and when they were added or removed from the segments. This object can be used to create calculated insights, such as segment size, segment duration, segment overlap, or segment retention, that can help measure the effectiveness of segmentation and activation strategies. The segment membership data model object can also be used to create nested segments or segment exclusions based on the segment membership criteria, such as segment name, segment type, or segment date range. The other options are not correct because they are not Data Cloud components that allow for analyzing individuals who have been in a segment within the last 2 years. Nested segments and segment exclusions are features that allow for creating more complex segments based on existing segments, but they do not provide the historical data about segment membership. Calculated insights are custom metrics or measures that are derived from data model objects or data lake objects, but they do not store the segment membership information by themselves. References: Segment Membership Data Model Object, Create a Calculated Insight, Create a Nested Segment

NEW QUESTION 21

A customer has a requirement to be able to view the last time each segment was published within their Data Cloud org.

Which two features should the consultant recommend to best address this requirement? Choose 2 answers

- A. Profile Explorer
- B. Calculated insight
- C. Dashboard
- D. Report

Answer: CD

Explanation:

A customer who wants to view the last time each segment was published within their Data Cloud org can use the dashboard and report features to achieve this requirement. A dashboard is a visual representation of data that can show key metrics, trends, and comparisons. A report is a tabular or matrix view of data that can show details, summaries, and calculations. Both dashboard and report features allow the user to create, customize, and share data views based on their needs and preferences. To view the last

time each segment was published, the user can create a dashboard or a report that shows the segment name, the publish date, and the publish status fields from the segment object. The user can also filter, sort, group, or chart the data by these fields to get more insights and analysis. The user can also schedule, refresh, or export the dashboard or report data as needed. References: Dashboards, Reports

NEW QUESTION 26

A new user of Data Cloud only needs to be able to review individual rows of ingested data and validate that it has been modeled successfully to its linked data model object. The user will also need to make changes if required.

What is the minimum permission set needed to accommodate this use case?

- A. Data Cloud for Marketing Specialist
- B. Data Cloud Admin
- C. Data Cloud User
- D. Data Cloud for Marketing Data Aware Specialist

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Data Cloud User permission set is the minimum permission set needed to accommodate this use case. The Data Cloud User permission set grants access to the Data Explorer feature, which allows the user to review individual rows of ingested data and validate that it has been modeled successfully to its linked data model object. The user can also make changes to the data model object fields, such as adding or removing fields, changing field types, or creating formula fields. The Data Cloud User permission set does not grant access to other Data Cloud features or tasks, such as creating data streams, creating segments, creating activations, or managing users. The other permission sets are either too restrictive or too permissive for this use case. The Data Cloud for Marketing Specialist permission set only grants access to the segmentation and activation features, but not to the Data Explorer feature. The Data Cloud Admin permission set grants access to all Data Cloud features and tasks, including the Data Explorer feature, but it is more than what the user needs. The Data Cloud for Marketing Data Aware Specialist permission set grants access to the Data Explorer feature, but also to the segmentation and activation features, which are not required for this use case. References: Data Cloud Standard Permission Sets, Data Explorer, Set Up Data Cloud Unit

NEW QUESTION 27

To import campaign members into a campaign in Salesforce CRM, a user wants to export the segment to Amazon S3. The resulting file needs to include the Salesforce CRM Campaign ID in the name.

What are two ways to achieve this outcome? Choose 2 answers

- A. Include campaign identifier in the activation name.
- B. Hard code the campaign identifier as a new attribute in the campaign activation.
- C. Include campaign identifier in the filename specification.
- D. Include campaign identifier in the segment name.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

The two ways to achieve this outcome are A and C. Include campaign identifier in the activation name and include campaign identifier in the filename specification. These two options allow the user to specify the Salesforce CRM Campaign ID in the name of the file that is exported to Amazon S3. The activation name and the filename specification are both configurable settings in the activation wizard, where the user can enter the campaign identifier as a text or a variable. The activation name is used as the prefix of the filename, and the filename specification is used as the suffix of the filename. For example, if the activation name is "Campaign_123" and the filename specification is "{segmentName}_{date}", the resulting file name will be "Campaign_123_SegmentA_2023-12-18.csv". This way, the user can easily identify the file that corresponds to the campaign and import it into Salesforce CRM. The other options are not correct. Option B is incorrect because hard coding the campaign identifier as a new attribute in the campaign activation is not possible. The campaign activation does not have any attributes, only settings. Option D is incorrect because including the campaign identifier in the segment name is not sufficient. The segment name is not used in the filename of the exported file, unless it is specified in the filename specification. Therefore, the user will not be able to see the campaign identifier in the file name.

NEW QUESTION 28

Northern Trail Outfitters (NTO) wants to send a promotional campaign for customers that have purchased within the past 6 months. The consultant created a segment to meet this requirement.

Now, NTO brings an additional requirement to suppress customers who have made purchases within the last week.

What should the consultant use to remove the recent customers?

- A. Batch transforms
- B. Segmentation exclude rules
- C. Related attributes
- D. Streaming insight

Answer: B

Explanation:

The consultant should use B. Segmentation exclude rules to remove the recent customers. Segmentation exclude rules are filters that can be applied to a segment to exclude records that meet certain criteria. The consultant can use segmentation exclude rules to exclude customers who have made purchases within the last week from the segment that contains customers who have purchased within the past 6 months. This way, the segment will only include customers who are eligible for the promotional campaign. The other options are not correct. Option A is incorrect because batch transforms are data processing tasks that can be applied to data streams or data lake objects to modify or enrich the data. Batch transforms are not used for segmentation or activation. Option C is incorrect because related attributes are attributes that are derived from the relationships between data model objects. Related attributes are not used for excluding records from a segment. Option D is incorrect because streaming insights are derived attributes that are calculated at the time of data ingestion. Streaming insights are not used for excluding records from a segment. References: Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Exam Guide, Segmentation, Segmentation Exclude Rules

NEW QUESTION 33

Cumulus Financial uses Data Cloud to segment banking customers and activate them for direct mail via a Cloud File Storage activation. The company also wants to analyze individuals who have been in the segment within the last 2 years. Which Data Cloud component allows for this?

- A. Segment exclusion
- B. Nested segments
- C. Segment membership data model object
- D. Calculated insights

Answer: C

Explanation:

Data Cloud allows customers to analyze the segment membership history of individuals using the Segment Membership data model object. This object stores information about when an individual joined or left a segment, and can be used to create reports and dashboards to track segment performance over time. Cumulus Financial can use this object to filter individuals who have been in the segment within the last 2 years and compare them with other metrics. The other options are not Data Cloud components that allow for this analysis. Segment exclusion is a feature that allows customers to remove individuals from a segment based on another segment. Nested segments are segments that are created from other segments using logical operators. Calculated insights are derived attributes that are created from existing data using formulas.

References:

- ? Segment Membership Data Model Object
- ? Data Cloud Reports and Dashboards
- ? Create a Segment in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 38

When performing segmentation or activation, which time zone is used to publish and refresh data?

- A. Time zone specified on the activity at the time of creation
- B. Time zone of the user creating the activity
- C. Time zone of the Data Cloud Admin user
- D. Time zone set by the Salesforce Data Cloud org

Answer: D

Explanation:

The time zone that is used to publish and refresh data when performing segmentation or activation is D. Time zone set by the Salesforce Data Cloud org. This time zone is the one that is configured in the org settings when Data Cloud is provisioned, and it applies to all users and activities in Data Cloud. This time zone determines when the segments are scheduled to refresh and when the activations are scheduled to publish. Therefore, it is important to consider the time zone difference between the Data Cloud org and the destination systems or channels when planning the segmentation and activation strategies. References: Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Exam Guide, Segmentation, Activation

NEW QUESTION 39

How does Data Cloud handle an individual's Right to be Forgotten?

- A. Deletes the records from all data source objects, and any downstream data model objects are updated at the next scheduled ingestion
- B. Deletes the specified Individual record and its Unified Individual Link record.
- C. Deletes the specified Individual and records from any data source object mapped to the Individual data model object.
- D. Deletes the specified Individual and records from any data model object/data lake object related to the Individual.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Data Cloud handles an individual's Right to be Forgotten by deleting the specified Individual and records from any data model object/data lake object related to the Individual. This means that Data Cloud removes all the data associated with the individual from the data space, including the data from the source objects, the unified individual profile, and any related objects. Data Cloud also deletes the Unified Individual Link record that links the individual to the source records. Data Cloud uses the Consent API to process the Right to be Forgotten requests, which are reprocessed at 30, 60, and 90 days to ensure a full deletion. The other options are not correct descriptions of how Data Cloud handles an individual's Right to be Forgotten. Data Cloud does not delete the records from all data source objects, as this would affect the data integrity and availability of the source systems. Data Cloud also does not delete only the specified Individual record and its Unified Individual Link record, as this would leave the source records and the related records intact. Data Cloud also does not delete only the specified Individual and records from any data source object mapped to the Individual data model object, as this would leave the related records intact.

References:

- ? Requesting Data Deletion or Right to Be Forgotten
- ? Data Deletion for Data Cloud
- ? Use the Consent API with Data Cloud
- ? Data and Identity in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 43

A user is not seeing suggested values from newly-modeled data when building a segment. What is causing this issue?

- A. Value suggestion will only return results for the first 50 values of a specific attribute,
- B. Value suggestion can only work on direct attributes and not related attributes.
- C. Value suggestion requires Data Aware Specialist permissions at a minimum.
- D. Value suggestion is still processing and takes up to 24 hours to be available.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The most likely cause of this issue is that value suggestion is still processing and takes up to 24 hours to be available. Value suggestion is a feature that enables you to see suggested values for data model object (DMO) fields when creating segment filters. However, this feature needs to be enabled for each DMO field, and it can take up to 24 hours for the suggested values to appear after enabling the feature¹. Therefore, if a user is not seeing suggested values from newly-modeled data, it could be that the data has not been processed yet by the value suggestion feature. References:

- ? Use Value Suggestions in Segmentation

NEW QUESTION 44

How does identity resolution select attributes for unified individuals when there is conflicting information in the data model?

- A. Creates additional contact points
- B. Leverages reconciliation rules
- C. Creates additional rulesets

D. Leverages match rules

Answer: B

Explanation:

Identity resolution is the process of creating unified profiles of individuals by matching and merging data from different sources. When there is conflicting information in the data model, such as different names, addresses, or phone numbers for the same person, identity resolution leverages reconciliation rules to select the most accurate and complete attributes for the unified profile. Reconciliation rules are configurable rules that define how to resolve conflicts based on criteria such as recency, frequency, source priority, or completeness. For example, a reconciliation rule can specify that the most recent name or the most frequent phone number should be selected for the unified profile.

Reconciliation rules can be applied at the attribute level or the contact point level. References: Identity Resolution, Reconciliation Rules, Salesforce Data Cloud Exam Questions

NEW QUESTION 47

A consultant wants to ensure that every segment managed by multiple brand teams adheres to the same set of exclusion criteria, that are updated on a monthly basis. What is the most efficient option to allow for this capability?

- A. Create, publish, and deploy a data kit.
- B. Create a reusable container block with common criteria.
- C. Create a nested segment.
- D. Create a segment and copy it for each brand.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The most efficient option to allow for this capability is to create a reusable container block with common criteria. A container block is a segment component that can be reused across multiple segments. A container block can contain any combination of filters, nested segments, and exclusion criteria. A consultant can create a container block with the exclusion criteria that apply to all the segments managed by multiple brand teams, and then add the container block to each segment. This way, the consultant can update the exclusion criteria in one place and have them reflected in all the segments that use the container block.

The other options are not the most efficient options to allow for this capability. Creating, publishing, and deploying a data kit is a way to share data and segments across different data spaces, but it does not allow for updating the exclusion criteria on a monthly basis. Creating a nested segment is a way to combine segments using logical operators, but it does not allow for excluding individuals based on specific criteria. Creating a segment and copying it for each brand is a way to create multiple segments with the same exclusion criteria, but it does not allow for updating the exclusion criteria in one place.

References:

- ? Create a Container Block
- ? Create a Segment in Data Cloud
- ? Create and Publish a Data Kit
- ? Create a Nested Segment

NEW QUESTION 52

A customer has a custom Customer Email c object related to the standard Contact object in Salesforce CRM. This custom object stores the email address a Contact that they want to use for activation. To which data entity is mapped?

- A. Contact
- B. Contact Point_Email
- C. Custom customer Email c object
- D. Individual

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Contact Point_Email object is the data entity that represents an email address associated with an individual in Data Cloud. It is part of the Customer 360 Data Model, which is a standardized data model that defines common entities and relationships for customer data. The Contact Point_Email object can be mapped to any custom or standard object that stores email addresses in Salesforce CRM, such as the custom Customer Email c object. The other options are not the correct data entities to map to because:

? A. The Contact object is the data entity that represents a person who is associated with an account that is a customer, partner, or competitor in Salesforce CRM. It is not the data entity that represents an email address in Data Cloud.

? C. The custom Customer Email c object is not a data entity in Data Cloud, but a custom object in Salesforce CRM. It can be mapped to a data entity in Data Cloud, such as the Contact Point_Email object, but it is not a data entity itself.

? D. The Individual object is the data entity that represents a unique person in Data Cloud. It is the core entity for managing consent and privacy preferences, and it can be related to one or more contact points, such as email addresses, phone numbers, or social media handles. It is not the data entity that represents an email address in Data Cloud. References: Customer 360 Data Model: Individual and Contact Points - Salesforce, Contact Point_Email | Object Reference for the Salesforce Platform | Salesforce Developers, [Contact | Object Reference for the Salesforce Platform | Salesforce Developers], [Individual | Object Reference for the Salesforce Platform | Salesforce Developers]

NEW QUESTION 53

What is Data Cloud's primary value to customers?

- A. To provide a unified view of a customer and their related data
- B. To connect all systems with a golden record
- C. To create a single source of truth for all anonymous data
- D. To create personalized campaigns by listening, understanding, and acting on customer behavior

Answer: A

Explanation:

Data Cloud is a platform that enables you to activate all your customer data across Salesforce applications and other systems. Data Cloud allows you to create a unified profile of each customer by ingesting, transforming, and linking data from various sources, such as CRM, marketing, commerce, service, and external data providers. Data Cloud also provides insights and analytics on customer behavior, preferences, and needs, as well as tools to segment, target, and personalize customer interactions. Data Cloud's primary value to customers is to provide a unified view of a customer and their related data, which can help you deliver better

customer experiences, increase loyalty, and drive growth. References: Salesforce Data Cloud, When Data Creates Competitive Advantage

NEW QUESTION 56

Cloud Kicks wants to be able to build a segment of customers who have visited its website within the previous 7 days. Which filter operator on the Engagement Date field fits this use case?

- A. Is Between
- B. Greater than Last Number of
- C. Next Number of Days
- D. Last Number of Days

Answer: D

Explanation:

The filter operator Last Number of Days allows you to filter on date fields using a relative date range that specifies the number of days before today. For example, you can use this operator to filter on customers who have visited your website in the last 7 days, or the last 30 days, or any number of days you want. This operator is useful for creating dynamic segments that update automatically based on the current date.

- References:
- ? Relative Date Filter Reference
 - ? Create Filtered Segments

NEW QUESTION 59

A customer requests that their personal data be deleted. Which action should the consultant take to accommodate this request in Data Cloud?

- A. Use a streaming API call to delete the customer's information.
- B. Use Profile Explorer to delete the customer data from Data Cloud.
- C. Use Consent API to request deletion of the customer's information.
- D. Use the Data Rights Subject Request tool to request deletion of the customer's information.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Data Rights Subject Request tool is a feature that allows Data Cloud users to manage customer requests for data access, deletion, or portability. The tool provides a user interface and an API to create, track, and fulfill data rights requests. The tool also generates a report that contains the customer's personal data and the actions taken to comply with the request. The consultant should use this tool to accommodate the customer's request for data deletion in Data Cloud.

References: Data Rights Subject Request Tool, Create a Data Rights Subject Request

NEW QUESTION 60

During a privacy law discussion with a customer, the customer indicates they need to honor requests for the right to be forgotten. The consultant determines that Consent API will solve this business need. Which two considerations should the consultant inform the customer about? Choose 2 answers

- A. Data deletion requests are reprocessed at 30, 60, and 90 days.
- B. Data deletion requests are processed within 1 hour.
- C. Data deletion requests are submitted for Individual profiles.
- D. Data deletion requests submitted to Data Cloud are passed to all connected Salesforce clouds.

Answer: CD

Explanation:

When advising a customer about using the Consent API in Salesforce to comply with requests for the right to be forgotten, the consultant should focus on two primary considerations:

? Data deletion requests are submitted for Individual profiles (Answer C): The Consent API in Salesforce is designed to handle data deletion requests specifically for individual profiles. This means that when a request is made to delete data, it is targeted at the personal data associated with an individual's profile in the Salesforce system. The consultant should inform the customer that the requests must be specific to individual profiles to ensure accurate processing and compliance with privacy laws.

? Data deletion requests submitted to Data Cloud are passed to all connected Salesforce clouds (Answer D): When a data deletion request is made through the Consent API in Salesforce Data Cloud, the request is not limited to the Data Cloud alone. Instead, it propagates through all connected Salesforce clouds, such as Sales Cloud, Service Cloud, Marketing Cloud, etc. This ensures comprehensive compliance with the right to be forgotten across the entire Salesforce ecosystem. The customer should be aware that the deletion request will affect all instances of the individual's data across the connected Salesforce environments.

NEW QUESTION 62

A consultant is working in a customer's Data Cloud org and is asked to delete the existing identity resolution ruleset. Which two impacts should the consultant communicate as a result of this action? Choose 2 answers

- A. All individual data will be removed.
- B. Unified customer data associated with this ruleset will be removed.
- C. Dependencies on data model objects will be removed.
- D. All source profile data will be removed

Answer: BC

Explanation:

Deleting an identity resolution ruleset has two major impacts that the consultant should communicate to the customer. First, it will permanently remove all unified customer data that was created by the ruleset, meaning that the unified profiles and their attributes will no longer be available in Data Cloud. Second, it will eliminate dependencies on data model objects that were used by the ruleset, meaning that the data model objects can be modified or deleted without affecting the ruleset. These impacts can have significant consequences for the customer's data quality, segmentation, activation, and analytics, so the consultant should advise the customer to carefully consider the implications of deleting a ruleset before proceeding. The other options are incorrect because they are not impacts of deleting a ruleset.

deleting a ruleset. Option A is incorrect because deleting a ruleset will not remove all individual data, but only the unified customer data. The individual data from the source systems will still be available in Data Cloud1. Option D is incorrect because deleting a ruleset will not remove all source profile data, but only the unified customer data. The source profile data from the data streams will still be available in Data Cloud1. References: Delete an Identity Resolution Ruleset

NEW QUESTION 67

Which data model subject area defines the revenue or quantity for an opportunity by product family?

- A. Engagement
- B. Product
- C. Party
- D. Sales Order

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Sales Order subject area defines the details of an order placed by a customer for one or more products or services. It includes information such as the order date, status, amount, quantity, currency, payment method, and delivery method. The Sales Order subject area also allows you to track the revenue or quantity for an opportunity by product family, which is a grouping of products that share common characteristics or features. For example, you can use the Sales Order Line Item DMO to associate each product in an order with its product family, and then use the Sales Order Revenue DMO to calculate the total revenue or quantity for each product family in an opportunity. References: Sales Order Subject Area, Sales Order Revenue DMO Reference

NEW QUESTION 70

A customer has outlined requirements to trigger a journey for an abandoned browse behavior. Based on the requirements, the consultant determines they will use streaming insights to trigger a data action to Journey Builder every hour.

How should the consultant configure the solution to ensure the data action is triggered at the cadence required?

- A. Set the activation schedule to hourly.
- B. Configure the data to be ingested in hourly batches.
- C. Set the journey entry schedule to run every hour.
- D. Set the insights aggregation time window to 1 hour.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Streaming insights are computed from real-time engagement events and can be used to trigger data actions based on pre-set rules. Data actions are workflows that send data from Data Cloud to other systems, such as Journey Builder. To ensure that the data action is triggered every hour, the consultant should set the insights aggregation time window to 1 hour. This means that the streaming insight will evaluate the events that occurred within the last hour and execute the data action if the conditions are met. The other options are not relevant for streaming insights and data actions. References: Streaming Insights and Data Actions Limits and Behaviors, Streaming Insights, Streaming Insights and Data Actions Use Cases, Use Insights in Data Cloud, 6 Ways the Latest Marketing Cloud Release Can Boost Your Campaigns

NEW QUESTION 75

A customer has multiple team members who create segment audiences that work in different time zones. One team member works at the home office in the Pacific time zone, that matches the org Time Zone setting. Another team member works remotely in the Eastern time zone.

Which user will see their home time zone in the segment and activation schedule areas?

- A. The team member in the Pacific time zone.
- B. The team member in the Eastern time zone.
- C. Neither team member; Data Cloud shows all schedules in GMT.
- D. Both team members; Data Cloud adjusts the segment and activation schedules to the time zone of the logged-in user

Answer: D

Explanation:

The correct answer is D, both team members; Data Cloud adjusts the segment and activation schedules to the time zone of the logged-in user. Data Cloud uses the time zone settings of the logged-in user to display the segment and activation schedules. This means that each user will see the schedules in their own home time zone, regardless of the org time zone setting or the location of other team members. This feature helps users to avoid confusion and errors when scheduling segments and activations across different time zones. The other options are incorrect because they do not reflect how Data Cloud handles time zones. The team member in the Pacific time zone will not see the same time zone as the org time zone setting, unless their personal time zone setting matches the org time zone setting. The team member in the Eastern time zone will not see the schedules in the org time zone setting, unless their personal time zone setting matches the org time zone setting. Data Cloud does not show all schedules in GMT, but rather in the user's local time zone. References:

? Data Cloud Time Zones

? Change default time zones for Users and the organization

? Change your time zone settings in Salesforce, Google & Outlook

? DateTime field and Time Zone Settings in Salesforce

NEW QUESTION 78

Data Cloud receives a nightly file of all ecommerce transactions from the previous day.

Several segments and activations depend upon calculated insights from the updated data in order to maintain accuracy in the customer's scheduled campaign messages.

What should the consultant do to ensure the ecommerce data is ready for use for each of the scheduled activations?

- A. Use Flow to trigger a change data event on the ecommerce data to refresh calculated insights and segments before the activations are scheduled to run.
- B. Set a refresh schedule for the calculated insights to occur every hour.
- C. Ensure the activations are set to Incremental Activation and automatically publish every hour.
- D. Ensure the segments are set to Rapid Publish and set to refresh every hour.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The best option that the consultant should do to ensure the ecommerce data is ready for use for each of the scheduled activations is A. Use Flow to trigger a change data event on the ecommerce data to refresh calculated insights and segments before the activations are scheduled to run. This option allows the consultant to use the Flow feature of Data Cloud, which enables automation and orchestration of data processing tasks based on events or schedules. Flow can be used to trigger a change data event on the ecommerce data, which is a type of event that indicates that the data has been updated or changed. This event can then trigger the refresh of the calculated insights and segments that depend on the ecommerce data, ensuring that they reflect the latest data. The refresh of the calculated insights and segments can be completed before the activations are scheduled to run, ensuring that the customer's scheduled campaign messages are accurate and relevant.

The other options are not as good as option A. Option B is incorrect because setting a refresh schedule for the calculated insights to occur every hour may not be sufficient or efficient. The refresh schedule may not align with the activation schedule, resulting in outdated or inconsistent data. The refresh schedule may also consume more resources and time than necessary, as the ecommerce data may not change every hour. Option C is incorrect because ensuring the activations are set to Incremental Activation and automatically publish every hour may not solve the problem. Incremental Activation is a feature that allows only the new or changed records in a segment to be activated, reducing the activation time and size. However, this feature does not ensure that the segment data is updated or refreshed based on the ecommerce data. The activation schedule may also not match the ecommerce data update schedule, resulting in inaccurate or irrelevant campaign messages. Option D is incorrect because ensuring the segments are set to Rapid Publish and set to refresh every hour may not be optimal or effective. Rapid Publish is a feature that allows segments to be published faster by skipping some validation steps, such as checking for duplicate records or invalid values. However, this feature may compromise the quality or accuracy of the segment data, and may not be suitable for all use cases. The refresh schedule may also have the same issues as option B, as it may not sync with the ecommerce data update schedule or the activation schedule, resulting in outdated or inconsistent data. References: Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Exam Guide, Flow, Change Data Events, Calculated Insights, Segments, [Activation]

NEW QUESTION 79

What does the Source Sequence reconciliation rule do in identity resolution?

- A. Includes data from sources where the data is most frequently occurring
- B. Identifies which individual records should be merged into a unified profile by setting a priority for specific data sources
- C. Identifies which data sources should be used in the process of reconciliation by prioritizing the most recently updated data source
- D. Sets the priority of specific data sources when building attributes in a unified profile, such as a first or last name

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Source Sequence reconciliation rule sets the priority of specific data sources when building attributes in a unified profile, such as a first or last name. This rule allows you to define which data source should be used as the primary source of truth for each attribute, and which data sources should be used as fallbacks in case the primary source is missing or invalid. For example, you can set the Source Sequence rule to use data from Salesforce CRM as the first priority, data from Marketing Cloud as the second priority, and data from Google Analytics as the third priority for the first name attribute. This way, the unified profile will use the first name value from Salesforce CRM if it exists, otherwise it will use the value from Marketing Cloud, and so on. This rule helps you to ensure the accuracy and consistency of the unified profile attributes across different data sources. References: Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Exam Guide, Identity Resolution, Reconciliation Rules

NEW QUESTION 83

Which solution provides an easy way to ingest Marketing Cloud subscriber profile attributes into Data Cloud on a daily basis?

- A. Automation Studio and Profile file API
- B. Marketing Cloud Connect API
- C. Marketing Cloud Data extension Data Stream
- D. Email Studio Starter Data Bundle

Answer: C

Explanation:

The solution that provides an easy way to ingest Marketing Cloud subscriber profile attributes into Data Cloud on a daily basis is the Marketing Cloud Data extension Data Stream. The Marketing Cloud Data extension Data Stream is a feature that allows customers to stream data from Marketing Cloud data extensions to Data Cloud data spaces. Customers can select which data extensions they want to stream, and Data Cloud will automatically create and update the corresponding data model objects (DMOs) in the data space. Customers can also map the data extension fields to the DMO attributes using a user interface or an API. The Marketing Cloud Data extension Data Stream can help customers ingest subscriber profile attributes and other data from Marketing Cloud into Data Cloud without writing any code or setting up any complex integrations.

The other options are not solutions that provide an easy way to ingest Marketing Cloud subscriber profile attributes into Data Cloud on a daily basis. Automation Studio and Profile file API are tools that can be used to export data from Marketing Cloud to external systems, but they require customers to write scripts, configure file transfers, and schedule automations. Marketing Cloud Connect API is an API that can be used to access data from Marketing Cloud in other Salesforce solutions, such as Sales Cloud or Service Cloud, but it does not support streaming data to Data Cloud. Email Studio Starter Data Bundle is a data kit that contains sample data and segments for Email Studio, but it does not contain subscriber profile attributes or stream data to Data Cloud.

References:

- ? Marketing Cloud Data Extension Data Stream
- ? Data Cloud Data Ingestion
- ? [Marketing Cloud Data Extension Data Stream API]
- ? [Marketing Cloud Connect API]
- ? [Email Studio Starter Data Bundle]

NEW QUESTION 86

A segment fails to refresh with the error "Segment references too many data lake objects (DLOS)".

Which two troubleshooting tips should help remedy this issue? Choose 2 answers

- A. Split the segment into smaller segments.
- B. Use calculated insights in order to reduce the complexity of the segmentation query.
- C. Refine segmentation criteria to limit up to five custom data model objects (DMOs).
- D. Space out the segment schedules to reduce DLO load.

Answer: AB

Explanation:

The error “Segment references too many data lake objects (DLOs)” occurs when a segment query exceeds the limit of 50 DLOs that can be referenced in a single query. This can happen when the segment has too many filters, nested segments, or exclusion criteria that involve different DLOs. To remedy this issue, the consultant can try the following troubleshooting tips:

? Split the segment into smaller segments. The consultant can divide the segment into multiple segments that have fewer filters, nested segments, or exclusion criteria. This can reduce the number of DLOs that are referenced in each segment query and avoid the error. The consultant can then use the smaller segments as nested segments in a larger segment, or activate them separately.

? Use calculated insights in order to reduce the complexity of the segmentation query. The consultant can create calculated insights that are derived from existing data using formulas. Calculated insights can simplify the segmentation query by replacing multiple filters or nested segments with a single attribute. For example, instead of using multiple filters to segment individuals based on their purchase history, the consultant can create a calculated insight that calculates the lifetime value of each individual and use that as a filter.

The other options are not troubleshooting tips that can help remedy this issue. Refining segmentation criteria to limit up to five custom data model objects (DMOs) is not a valid option, as the limit of 50 DLOs applies to both standard and custom DMOs. Spacing out the segment schedules to reduce DLO load is not a valid option, as the error is not related to the DLO load, but to the segment query complexity.

References:

- ? Troubleshoot Segment Errors
- ? Create a Calculated Insight
- ? Create a Segment in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 91

When creating a segment on an individual, what is the result of using two separate containers linked by an AND as shown below?

GoodsProduct | Count | At Least | 1 Color | Is Equal To | red

AND

GoodsProduct | Count | At Least | 1 PrimaryProductCategory | Is Equal To | shoes

- A. Individuals who purchased at least one of any red' product and also purchased at least one pair of 'shoes'
- B. Individuals who purchased at least one 'red shoes' as a single line item in a purchase
- C. Individuals who made a purchase of at least one 'red shoes' and nothing else
- D. Individuals who purchased at least one of any 'red' product or purchased at least one pair of 'shoes'

Answer: A

Explanation:

When creating a segment on an individual, using two separate containers linked by an AND means that the individual must satisfy both the conditions in the containers. In this case, the individual must have purchased at least one product with the color attribute equal to 'red' and at least one product with the primary product category attribute equal to 'shoes'. The products do not have to be the same or purchased in the same transaction. Therefore, the correct answer is A. The other options are incorrect because they imply different logical operators or conditions.

Option B implies that the individual must have purchased a single product that has both the color attribute equal to 'red' and the primary product category attribute equal to 'shoes'. Option C implies that the individual must have purchased only one product that has both the color attribute equal to 'red' and the primary product category attribute equal to 'shoes' and no other products. Option D implies that the individual must have purchased either one product with the color attribute equal to 'red' or one product with the primary product category attribute equal to 'shoes' or both, which is equivalent to using an OR operator instead of an AND operator.

References:

- ? Create a Container for Segmentation
- ? Create a Segment in Data Cloud
- ? Navigate Data Cloud Segmentation

NEW QUESTION 95

A retail customer wants to bring customer data from different sources and wants to take advantage of identity resolution so that it can be used in segmentation. On which entity should this be segmented for activation membership?

- A. Subscriber
- B. Unified Individual
- C. Unified Contact
- D. Individual

Answer: B

Explanation:

The correct answer is B, Unified Individual. A Unified Individual is a record that represents a customer across different data sources, created by applying identity resolution rulesets. Identity resolution rulesets are sets of match and reconciliation rules that define how to link and merge data from different sources based on common attributes. Data Cloud uses identity resolution rulesets to resolve data across multiple data sources and helps you create one record for each customer, regardless of where the data came from¹. A retail customer who wants to bring customer data from different sources and use identity resolution for segmentation should segment on the Unified Individual entity, which contains the resolved and consolidated customer data. The other options are incorrect because they do not represent the resolved customer data across different sources. A Subscriber is a record that represents a customer who has opted in to receive marketing communications. A Unified Contact is a record that represents a customer who has a relationship with a specific business unit. An Individual is a record that represents a customer's profile data from a single data source. References:

- ? Identity Resolution Ruleset Processing Results
- ? Consider Data Implications for Segmentation
- ? Prepare for your Salesforce Data Cloud Consultant Credential
- ? AI-based Identity Resolution: Linking Diverse Customer Data

NEW QUESTION 97

A Data Cloud Consultant Is in the process of setting up data streams for a new service- based data source. When ingesting Case data, which field is recommended to be associated with the Event Time field?

- A. Last Modified Date
- B. Resolution Date
- C. Escalation Date
- D. Creation Date

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Event Time field is a special field type that captures the timestamp of an event in a data stream. It is used to track the chronological order of events and to enable time-based segmentation and activation. When ingesting Case data, the recommended field to be associated with the Event Time field is the Last Modified Date field. This field reflects the most recent update to the case and can be used to measure the case duration, resolution time, and customer satisfaction. The other fields, such as Resolution Date, Escalation Date, or Creation Date, are not as suitable for the Event Time field, as they may not capture the latest status of the case or may not be applicable for all cases. References: Data Stream Field Types, Salesforce Data Cloud Exam Questions

NEW QUESTION 99

A customer notices that their consolidation rate has recently increased. They contact the consultant to ask why. What are two likely explanations for the increase? Choose 2 answers

- A. New data sources have been added to Data Cloud that largely overlap with the existing profiles.
- B. Duplicates have been removed from source system data streams.
- C. Identity resolution rules have been removed to reduce the number of matched profiles.
- D. Identity resolution rules have been added to the ruleset to increase the number of matched profiles.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

The consolidation rate is a metric that measures the amount by which source profiles are combined to produce unified profiles in Data Cloud, calculated as $1 - (\text{number of unified profiles} / \text{number of source profiles})$. A higher consolidation rate means that more source profiles are matched and merged into fewer unified profiles, while a lower consolidation rate means that fewer source profiles are matched and more unified profiles are created. There are two likely explanations for why the consolidation rate has recently increased for a customer:

? New data sources have been added to Data Cloud that largely overlap with the existing profiles. This means that the new data sources contain many profiles that are similar or identical to the profiles from the existing data sources. For example, if a customer adds a new CRM system that has the same customer records as their old CRM system, the new data source will overlap with the existing one. When Data Cloud ingests the new data source, it will use the identity resolution ruleset to match and merge the overlapping profiles into unified profiles, resulting in a higher consolidation rate.

? Identity resolution rules have been added to the ruleset to increase the number of matched profiles. This means that the customer has modified their identity resolution ruleset to include more match rules or more match criteria that can identify more profiles as belonging to the same individual. For example, if a customer adds a match rule that matches profiles based on email address and phone number, instead of just email address, the ruleset will be able to match more profiles that have the same email address and phone number, resulting in a higher consolidation rate.

References: Identity Resolution Calculated Insight: Consolidation Rates for Unified Profiles, Configure Identity Resolution Rulesets

NEW QUESTION 102

A Data Cloud consultant recently discovered that their identity resolution process is matching individuals that share email addresses or phone numbers, but are not actually the same individual.

What should the consultant do to address this issue?

- A. Modify the existing ruleset with stricter matching criteria, run the ruleset and review the updated results, then adjust as needed until the individuals are matching correctly.
- B. Create and run a new ruleset with fewer matching rules, compare the two rulesets to review and verify the results, and then migrate to the new ruleset once approved.
- C. Create and run a new ruleset with stricter matching criteria, compare the two rulesets to review and verify the results, and then migrate to the new ruleset once approved.
- D. Modify the existing ruleset with stricter matching criteria, compare the two rulesets to review and verify the results, and then migrate to the new ruleset once approved.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Identity resolution is the process of linking source profiles from different data sources into unified individual profiles based on match and reconciliation rules. If the identity resolution process is matching individuals that share email addresses or phone numbers, but are not actually the same individual, it means that the match rules are too loose and need to be refined. The best way to address this issue is to create and run a new ruleset with stricter matching criteria, such as adding more attributes or increasing the match score threshold. Then, the consultant can compare the two rulesets to review and verify the results, and see if the new ruleset reduces the false positives and improves the accuracy of the identity resolution. Once the new ruleset is approved, the consultant can migrate to the new ruleset and delete the old one. The other options are incorrect because modifying the existing ruleset can affect the existing unified profiles and cause data loss or inconsistency. Creating and running a new ruleset with fewer matching rules can increase the false negatives and reduce the coverage of the identity resolution.

References: Create Unified Individual Profiles, AI-based Identity Resolution: Linking Diverse Customer Data, Data Cloud Identity Resolution.

NEW QUESTION 105

Northern Trail Outfitters (NTD) creates a calculated insight to compute recency, frequency, monetary (RFM) scores on its unified individuals. NTO then creates a segment based on these scores that it activates to a Marketing Cloud activation target.

Which two actions are required when configuring the activation? Choose 2 answers

- A. Add additional attributes.
- B. Choose a segment.
- C. Select contact points.
- D. Add the calculated insight in the activation.

Answer: BC

Explanation:

To configure an activation to a Marketing Cloud activation target, you need to choose a segment and select contact points. Choosing a segment allows you to specify which unified individuals you want to activate. Selecting contact points allows you to map the attributes from the segment to the fields in the Marketing Cloud data extension. You do not need to add additional attributes or add the calculated insight in the activation, as these are already part of the segment definition. References: Create a Marketing Cloud Activation Target; Types of Data Targets in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 110

The recruiting team at Cumulus Financial wants to identify which candidates have browsed the jobs page on its website at least twice within the last 24 hours. They want the information about these candidates to be available for segmentation in Data Cloud and the candidates added to their recruiting system. Which feature should a consultant recommend to achieve this goal?

- A. Streaming data transform
- B. Streaming insight
- C. Calculated insight
- D. Batch data transform

Answer: B

Explanation:

A streaming insight is a feature that allows users to create and monitor real-time metrics from streaming data sources, such as web and mobile events. A streaming insight can also trigger data actions, such as sending notifications, creating records, or updating fields, based on the metric values and conditions. Therefore, a streaming insight is the best feature to achieve the goal of identifying candidates who have browsed the jobs page on the website at least twice within the last 24 hours, and adding them to the recruiting system. The other options are incorrect because:
? A streaming data transform is a feature that allows users to transform and enrich streaming data using SQL expressions, such as filtering, joining, aggregating, or calculating values. However, a streaming data transform does not provide the ability to monitor metrics or trigger data actions based on conditions.
? A calculated insight is a feature that allows users to define and calculate multidimensional metrics from data using SQL expressions, such as LTV, CSAT, or average order value. However, a calculated insight is not suitable for real-time data analysis, as it runs on a scheduled basis and does not support data actions.
? A batch data transform is a feature that allows users to create and schedule complex data transformations using a visual editor, such as joining, aggregating, filtering, or appending data. However, a batch data transform is not suitable for real-time data analysis, as it runs on a scheduled basis and does not support data actions. References: Streaming Insights, Create a Streaming Insight, Use Insights in Data Cloud, Learn About Data Cloud Insights, Data Cloud Insights Using SQL, Streaming Data Transforms, Get Started with Batch Data Transforms in Data Cloud, Transformations for Batch Data Transforms, Batch Data Transforms in Data Cloud: Quick Look, Salesforce Data Cloud: AI CDP.

NEW QUESTION 111

Northern Trail Outfitters (NTO), an outdoor lifestyle clothing brand, recently started a new line of business. The new business specializes in gourmet camping food. For business reasons as well as security reasons, it's important to NTO to keep all Data Cloud data separated by brand. Which capability best supports NTO's desire to separate its data by brand?

- A. Data streams for each brand
- B. Data model objects for each brand
- C. Data spaces for each brand
- D. Data sources for each brand

Answer: C

Explanation:

Data spaces are logical containers that allow you to separate and organize your data by different criteria, such as brand, region, product, or business unit¹. Data spaces can help you manage data access, security, and governance, as well as enable cross-cloud data integration and activation². For NTO, data spaces can support their desire to separate their data by brand, so that they can have different data models, rules, and insights for their outdoor lifestyle clothing and gourmet camping food businesses. Data spaces can also help NTO comply with any data privacy and security regulations that may apply to their different brands³. The other options are incorrect because they do not provide the same level of data separation and organization as data spaces. Data streams are used to ingest data from different sources into Data Cloud, but they do not separate the data by brand⁴. Data model objects are used to define the structure and attributes of the data, but they do not isolate the data by brand⁵. Data sources are used to identify the origin and type of the data, but they do not partition the data by brand. References: Data Spaces Overview, Create Data Spaces, Data Privacy and Security in Data Cloud, Data Streams Overview, Data Model Objects Overview, [Data Sources Overview]

NEW QUESTION 115

A consultant is reviewing a recent activation using engagement-based related attributes but is not seeing any related attributes in their payload for the majority of their segment members. Which two areas should the consultant review to help troubleshoot this issue? Choose 2 answers

- A. The related engagement events occurred within the last 90 days.
- B. The activations are referencing segments that segment on profile data rather than engagement data.
- C. The correct path is selected for the related attributes.
- D. The activated profiles have a Unified Contact Point.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Engagement-based related attributes are attributes that describe the interactions of a person with an email message, such as opens, clicks, unsubscribes, etc. These attributes are stored in the Engagement data model object (DMO) and can be added to an activation to send more personalized communications. However, there are some considerations and limitations when using engagement-based related attributes, such as:
? For engagement data, activation supports a 90-day lookback window. This means that only the attributes from the engagement events that occurred within the last 90 days are considered for activation. Any records outside of this window are not included in the activation payload. Therefore, the consultant should review the event time of the related engagement events and make sure they are within the lookback window.
? The correct path to the related attributes must be selected for the activation. A path is a sequence of DMOs that are connected by relationships in the data model. For example, the path from Individual to Engagement is Individual -> Email -> Engagement. The path determines which related attributes are available for activation and how they are filtered. Therefore, the consultant should review the path selection and make sure it matches the desired related attributes and filters. The other two options are not relevant for this issue. The activations can reference segments that segment on profile data rather than engagement data, as long as the activation target supports related attributes. The activated profiles do not need to have a Unified Contact Point, which is a unique identifier for a person across different data sources, to activate engagement-based related attributes. References: Add Related Attributes to an Activation, Related Attributes in Data Cloud activation have no values, Explore the Engagement Data Model Object

NEW QUESTION 120

During discovery, which feature should a consultant highlight for a customer who has multiple data sources and needs to match and reconcile data about

individuals into a single unified profile?

- A. Data Cleansing
- B. Harmonization
- C. Data Consolidation
- D. Identity Resolution

Answer: D

Explanation:

Identity resolution is the feature that allows Data Cloud to match and reconcile data about individuals from multiple data sources into a single unified profile. Identity resolution uses rulesets to define how source profiles are matched and consolidated based on common attributes, such as name, email, phone, or party identifier. Identity resolution enables Data Cloud to create a 360-degree view of each customer across different data sources and systems¹². The other options are not the best features to highlight for this customer need because:

? A. Data cleansing is the process of detecting and correcting errors or inconsistencies in data, such as duplicates, missing values, or invalid formats. Data cleansing can improve the quality and accuracy of data, but it does not match or reconcile data across different data sources³.

? B. Harmonization is the process of standardizing and transforming data from different sources into a common format and structure. Harmonization can enable data integration and interoperability, but it does not match or reconcile data across different data sources⁴.

? C. Data consolidation is the process of combining data from different sources into a single data set or system. Data consolidation can reduce data redundancy and complexity, but it does not match or reconcile data across different data sources⁵. References: 1: Data and Identity in Data Cloud | Salesforce Trailhead, 2: Data Cloud Identity Resolution | Salesforce AI Research, 3: [Data Cleansing - Salesforce], 4: [Harmonization - Salesforce], 5: [Data Consolidation - Salesforce]

NEW QUESTION 124

A customer wants to use the transactional data from their data warehouse in Data Cloud. They are only able to export the data via an SFTP site. How should the file be brought into Data Cloud?

- A. Ingest the file with the SFTP Connector.
- B. Ingest the file through the Cloud Storage Connector.
- C. Manually import the file using the Data Import Wizard.
- D. Use Salesforce's Data Loader application to perform a bulk upload from a desktop.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The SFTP Connector is a data source connector that allows Data Cloud to ingest data from an SFTP server. The customer can use the SFTP Connector to create a data stream from their exported file and bring it into Data Cloud as a data lake object. The other options are not the best ways to bring the file into Data Cloud because:

? B. The Cloud Storage Connector is a data source connector that allows Data Cloud to ingest data from cloud storage services such as Amazon S3, Azure Storage, or Google Cloud Storage. The customer does not have their data in any of these services, but only on an SFTP site.

? C. The Data Import Wizard is a tool that allows users to import data for many standard Salesforce objects, such as accounts, contacts, leads, solutions, and campaign members. It is not designed to import data from an SFTP site or for custom objects in Data Cloud.

? D. The Data Loader is an application that allows users to insert, update, delete, or export Salesforce records. It is not designed to ingest data from an SFTP site or into Data Cloud. References: SFTP Connector - Salesforce, Create Data Streams with the SFTP Connector in Data Cloud - Salesforce, Data Import Wizard - Salesforce, Salesforce Data Loader

NEW QUESTION 126

What does the Ignore Empty Value option do in identity resolution?

- A. Ignores empty fields when running any custom match rules
- B. Ignores empty fields when running reconciliation rules
- C. Ignores Individual object records with empty fields when running identity resolution rules
- D. Ignores empty fields when running the standard match rules

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Ignore Empty Value option in identity resolution allows customers to ignore empty fields when running reconciliation rules. Reconciliation rules are used to determine the final value of an attribute for a unified individual profile, based on the values from different sources. The Ignore Empty Value option can be set to true or false for each attribute in a reconciliation rule. If set to true, the reconciliation rule will skip any source that has an empty value for that attribute and move on to the next source in the priority order. If set to false, the reconciliation rule will consider any source that has an empty value for that attribute as a valid source and use it to populate the attribute value for the unified individual profile.

The other options are not correct descriptions of what the Ignore Empty Value option does in identity resolution. The Ignore Empty Value option does not affect the custom match rules or the standard match rules, which are used to identify and link individuals across different sources based on their attributes. The Ignore Empty Value option also does not ignore individual object records with empty fields when running identity resolution rules, as identity resolution rules operate on the attribute level, not the record level.

References:

? Data Cloud Identity Resolution Reconciliation Rule Input

? Configure Identity Resolution Rulesets

? Data and Identity in Data Cloud

NEW QUESTION 130

The Salesforce CRM Connector is configured and the Case object data stream is set up. Subsequently, a new custom field named Business Priority is created on the Case object in Salesforce CRM. However, the new field is not available when trying to add it to the data stream. Which statement addresses the cause of this issue?

- A. The Salesforce Integration User is missing Read permissions on the newly created field.
- B. The Salesforce Data Loader application should be used to perform a bulk upload from a desktop.
- C. Custom fields on the Case object are not supported for ingesting into Data Cloud.
- D. After 24 hours when the data stream refreshes it will automatically include any new fields that were added to the Salesforce CRM.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Salesforce CRM Connector uses the Salesforce Integration User to access the data from the Salesforce CRM org. The Integration User must have the Read permission on the fields that are included in the data stream. If the Integration User does not have the Read permission on the newly created field, the field will not be available for selection in the data stream configuration. To resolve this issue, the administrator should assign the Read permission on the new field to the Integration User profile or permission set. References: Create a Salesforce CRM Data Stream, Edit a Data Stream, Salesforce Data Cloud Full Refresh for CRM, SFMC, or Ingestion API Data Streams

NEW QUESTION 132

A consultant is discussing the benefits of Data Cloud with a customer that has multiple disjointed data sources.

Which two functional areas should the consultant highlight in relation to managing customer data?

Choose 2 answers

- A. Data Harmonization
- B. Unified Profiles
- C. Master Data Management
- D. Data Marketplace

Answer: AB

Explanation:

Data Cloud is an open and extensible data platform that enables smarter, more efficient AI with secure access to first-party and industry data¹. Two functional areas that the consultant should highlight in relation to managing customer data are:

? Data Harmonization: Data Cloud harmonizes data from multiple sources and formats into a common schema, enabling a single source of truth for customer data¹. Data Cloud also applies data quality rules and transformations to ensure data accuracy and consistency.

? Unified Profiles: Data Cloud creates unified profiles of customers and prospects by linking data across different identifiers, such as email, phone, cookie, and device ID¹. Unified profiles provide a holistic view of customer behavior, preferences, and interactions across channels and touchpoints. The other options are not correct because:

? Master Data Management: Master Data Management (MDM) is a process of creating and maintaining a single, consistent, and trusted source of master data, such as product, customer, supplier, or location data. Data Cloud does not provide MDM functionality, but it can integrate with MDM solutions to enrich customer data.

? Data Marketplace: Data Marketplace is a feature of Data Cloud that allows users to discover, access, and activate data from third-party providers, such as demographic, behavioral, and intent data. Data Marketplace is not a functional area related to managing customer data, but rather a source of external data that can enhance customer data. References:

? Salesforce Data Cloud

? [Data Harmonization for Data Cloud]

? [Unified Profiles for Data Cloud]

? [What is Master Data Management?]

? [Integrate Data Cloud with Master Data Management]

? [Data Marketplace for Data Cloud]

NEW QUESTION 134

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